



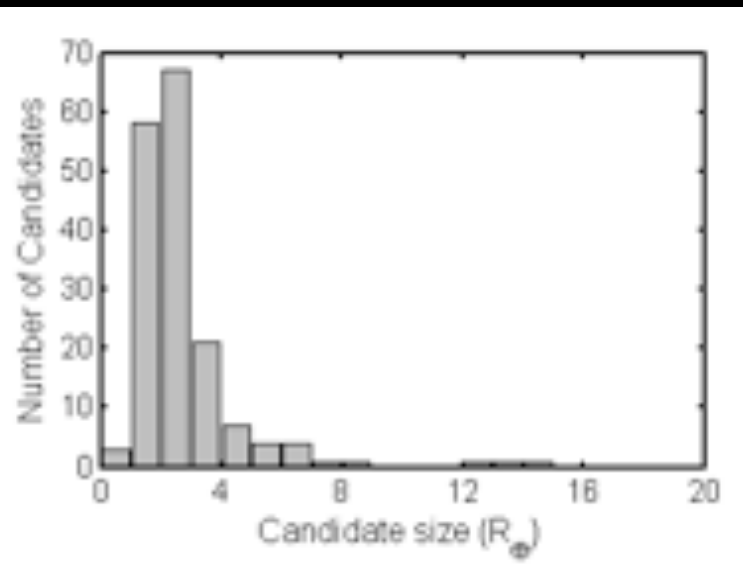
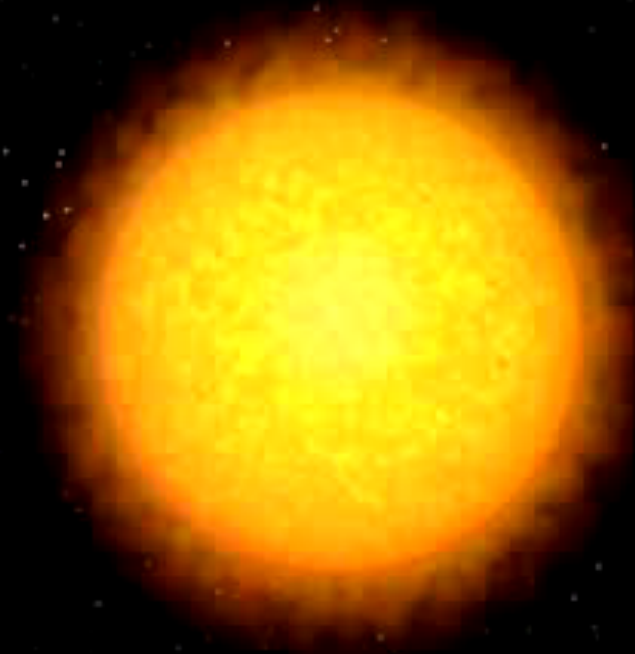
Super-Earths & Life
A interdisciplinary puzzle

*Biomarkers of Habitable
Worlds*

Lisa Kaltenegger, MPIA/CfA
Bad Honeff, June 8 2011

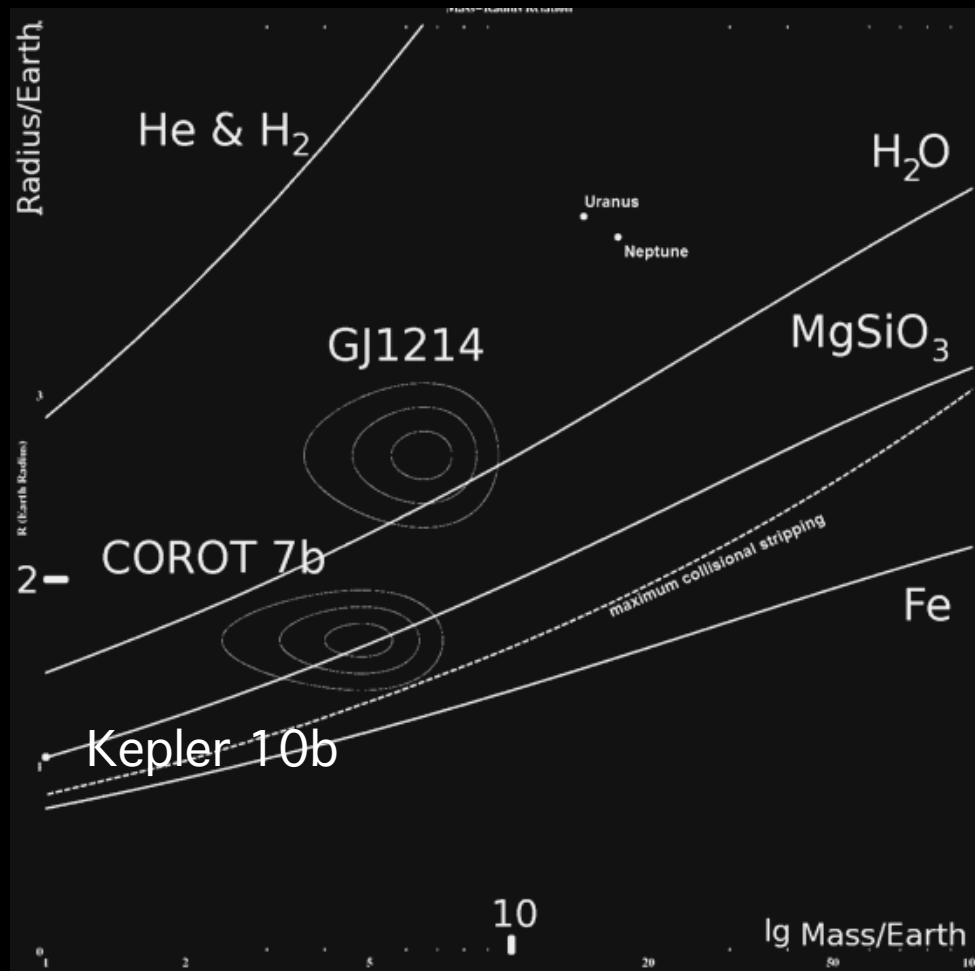
Planets... 550+ (1235)

age of statistics

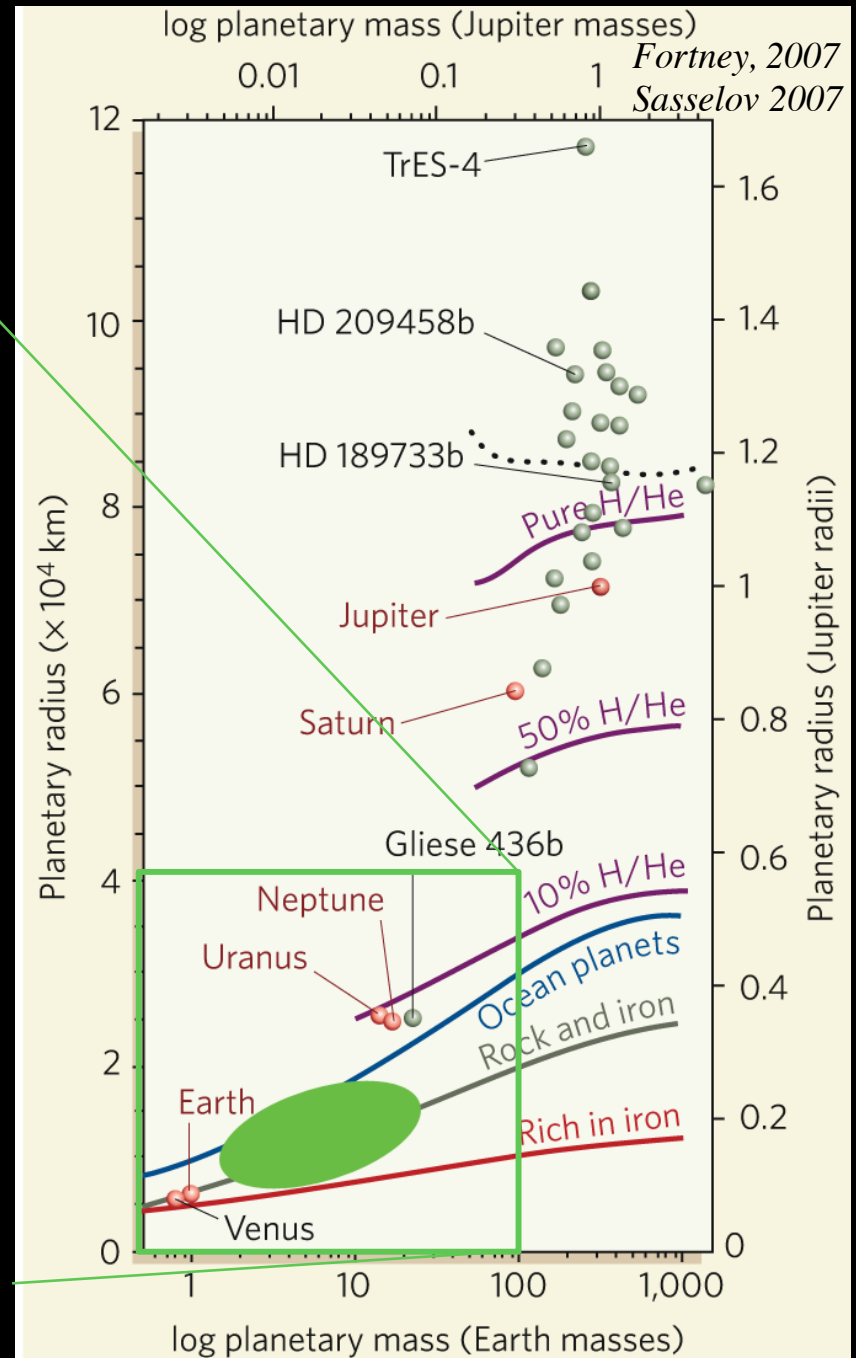


The real question:
What are they like?

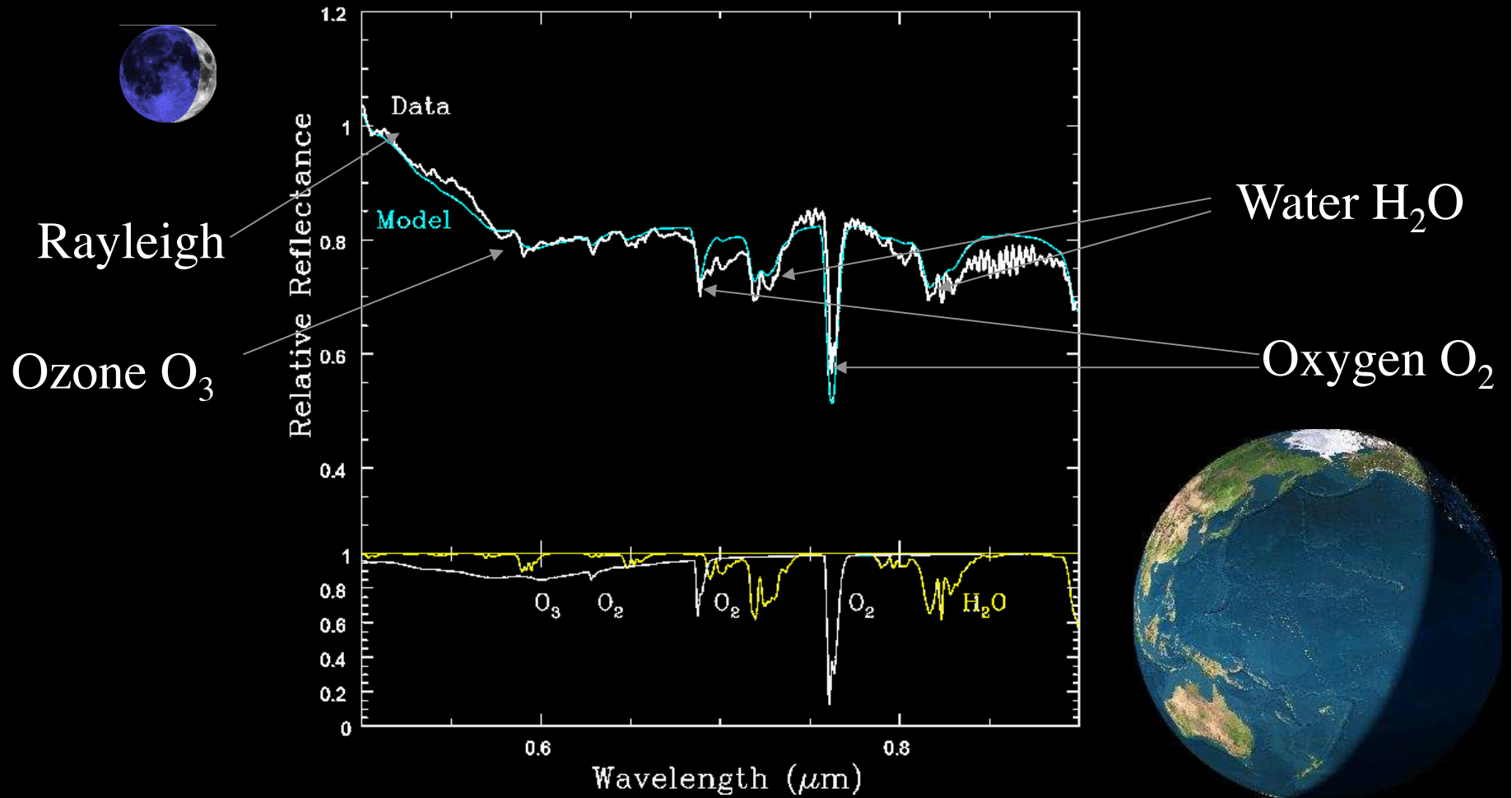
RV & Transits: density



Zeng & Sasselov (in press)



Visible spectrum of Earth

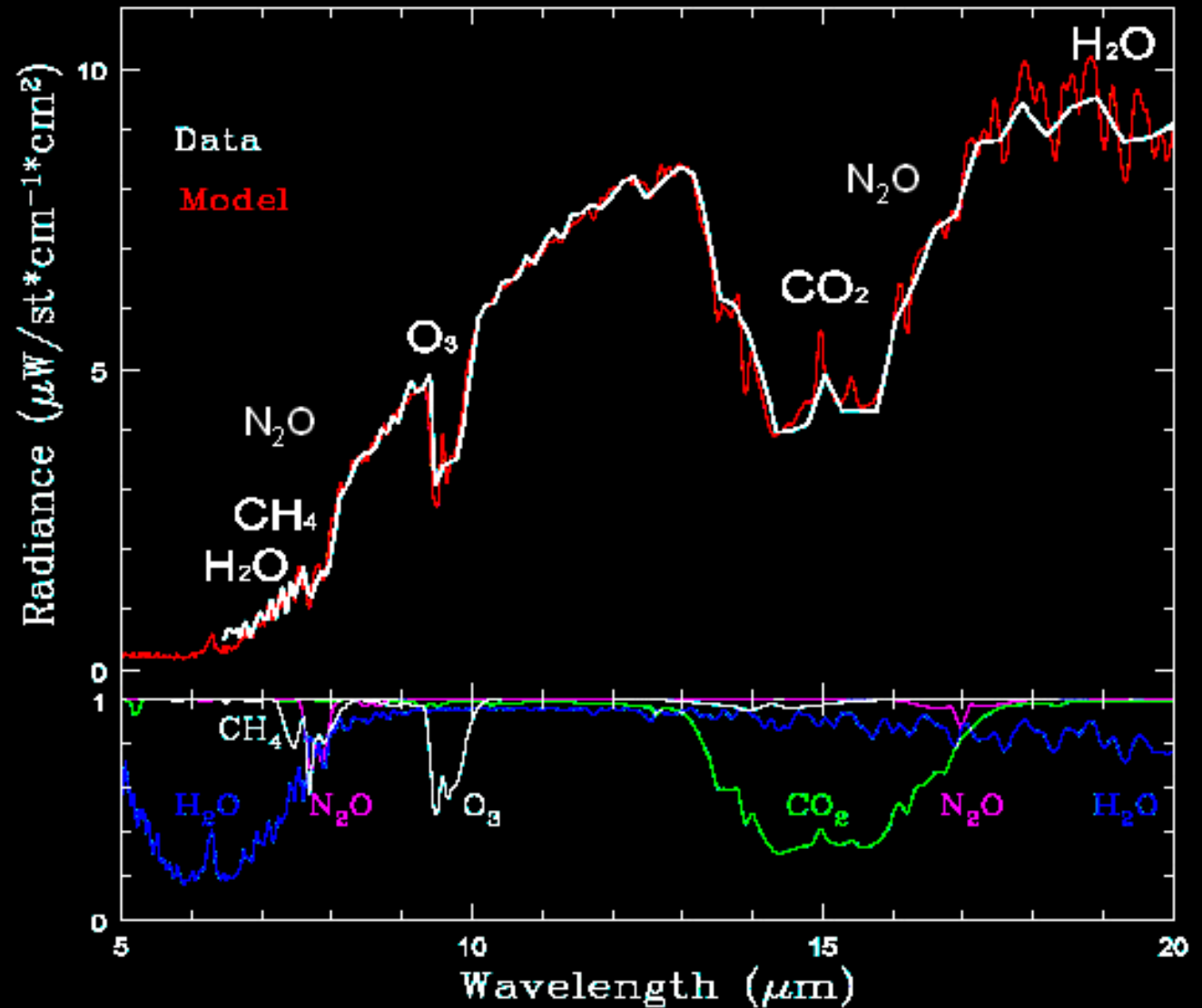


Observed Earthshine, reflected from dark side of moon.

Ref.: Kaltenegger et al 2007, ApJ 574, 2007

see also e.g.: Montanez-Rodriguez 2005, 07, Arnold 2002, 06, 09; Turnbull 06

Earth IR-emission



Kaltenegger, Traub, Jucks 2007 (ApJ)

TES data; Christensen 2004

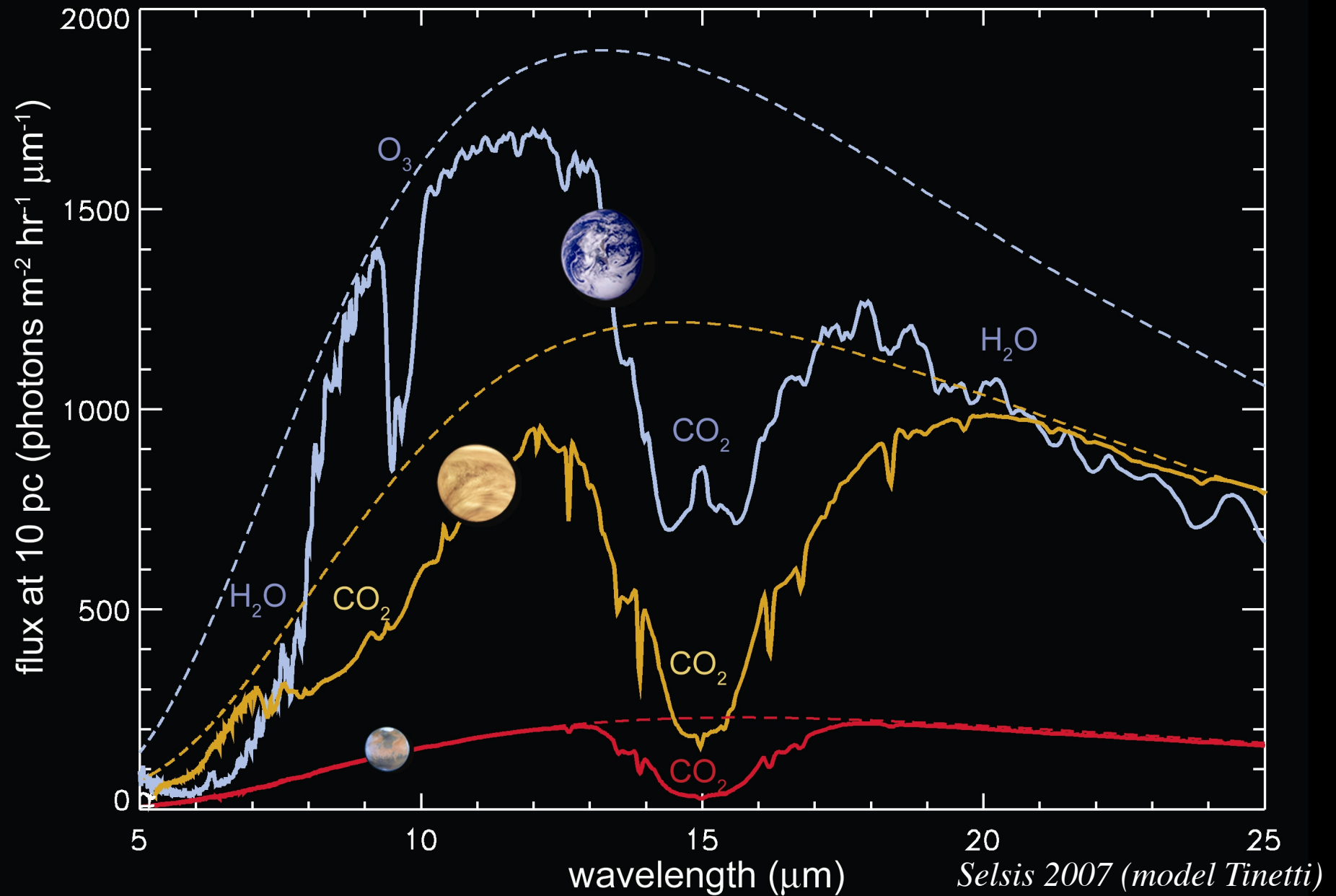
Signs Of Life On An Earth-like Planet

Ozone & Methane (or other reducing gas) **Biomarker**
Oxygen
Nitrous oxide ? (see Grenfell's talk)

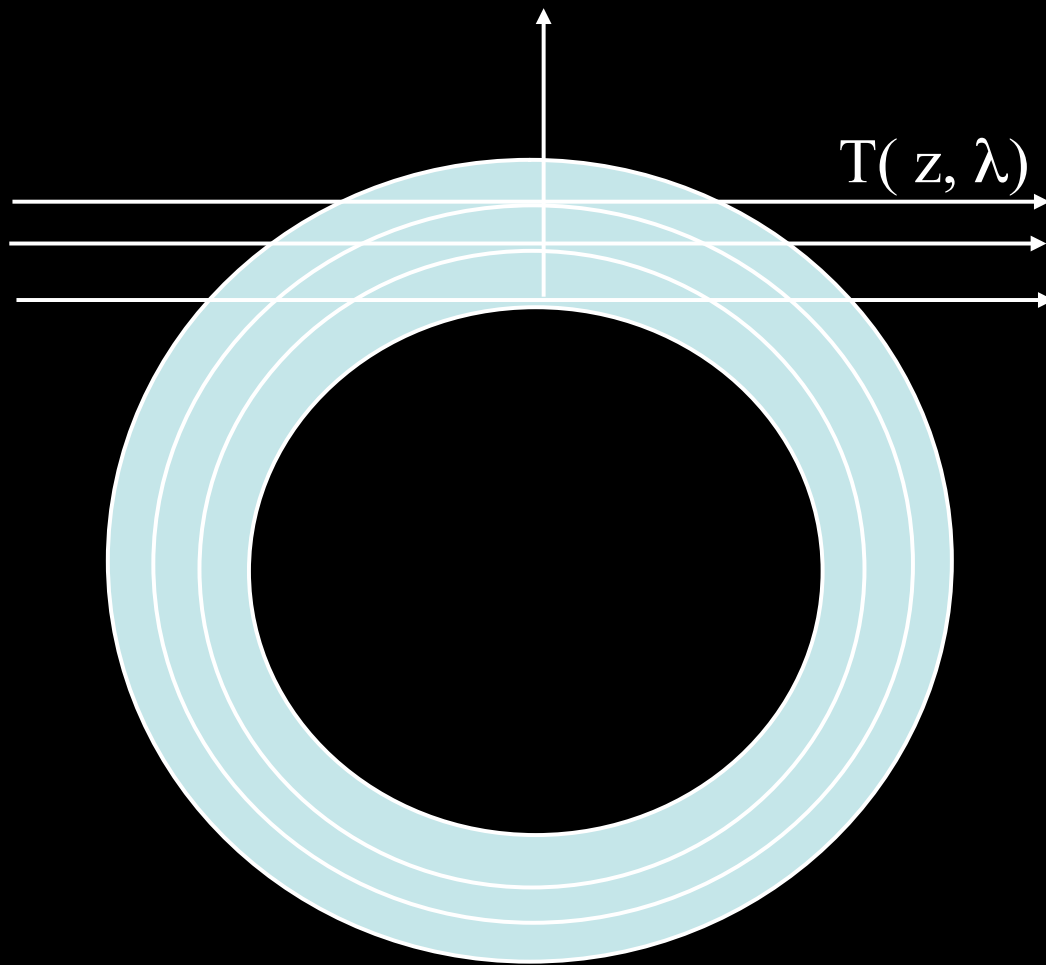
Water makes Oxygen – WITHOUT life **Bio-indicators**
Carbon dioxide - greenhouse & HZ extend

Surface/Vegetation – good enough SNR per 1/20 of planet's rotation to detect surface feature

Features: 1) observables & 2) unique ?



Transit Geometry



$$H \approx h \approx T/(g \mu)$$

h is the effective height of an opaque atmosphere:

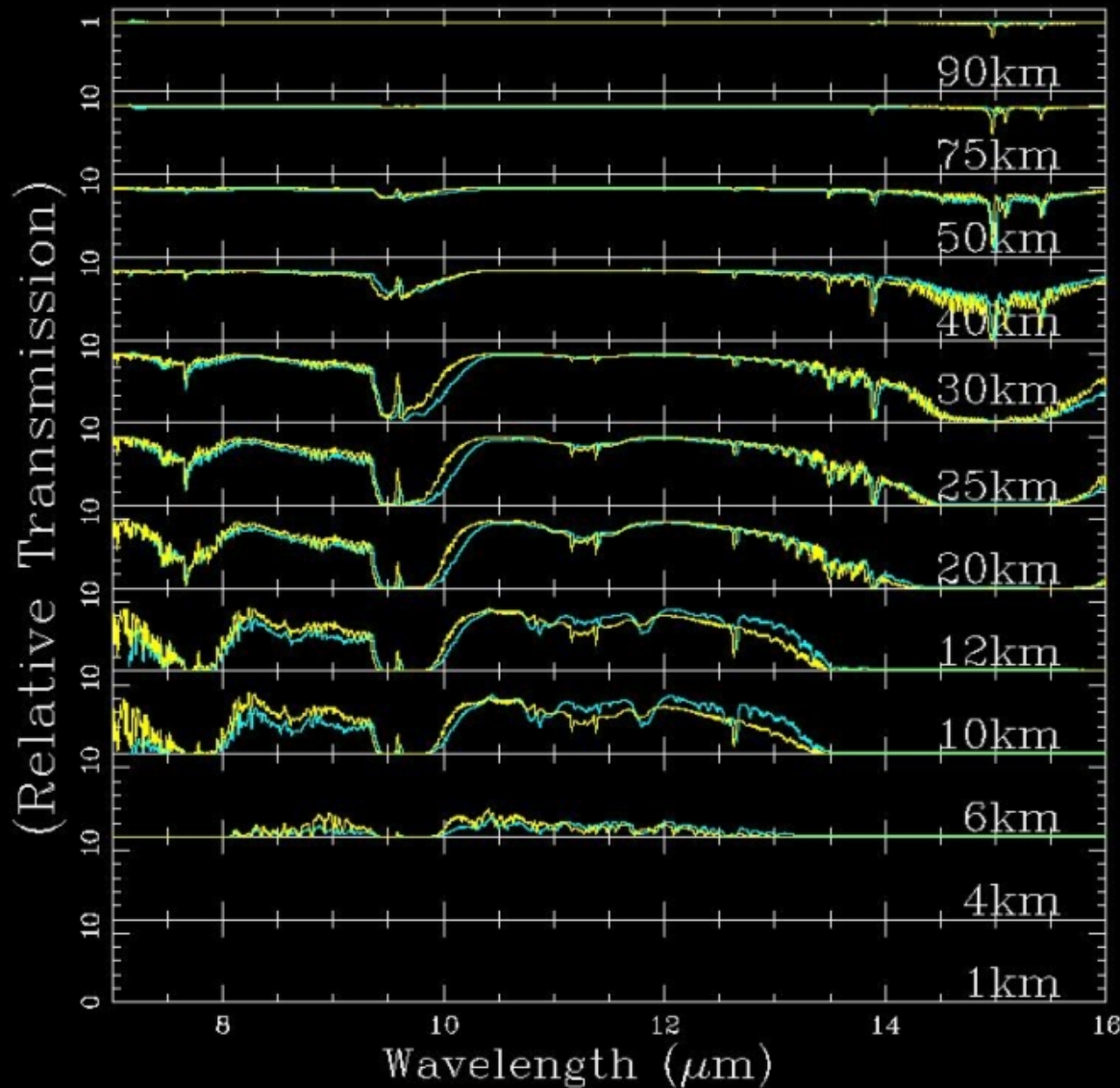
$$h(\lambda) = \int (1-T) dz$$

So

$$R(\lambda) = R_0 + h(\lambda)$$

$$f_p(\lambda) = 2\pi R_p * h(\lambda) / \pi R_s^2$$

Earth: ATMOS-3: Transmission validation in far-IR



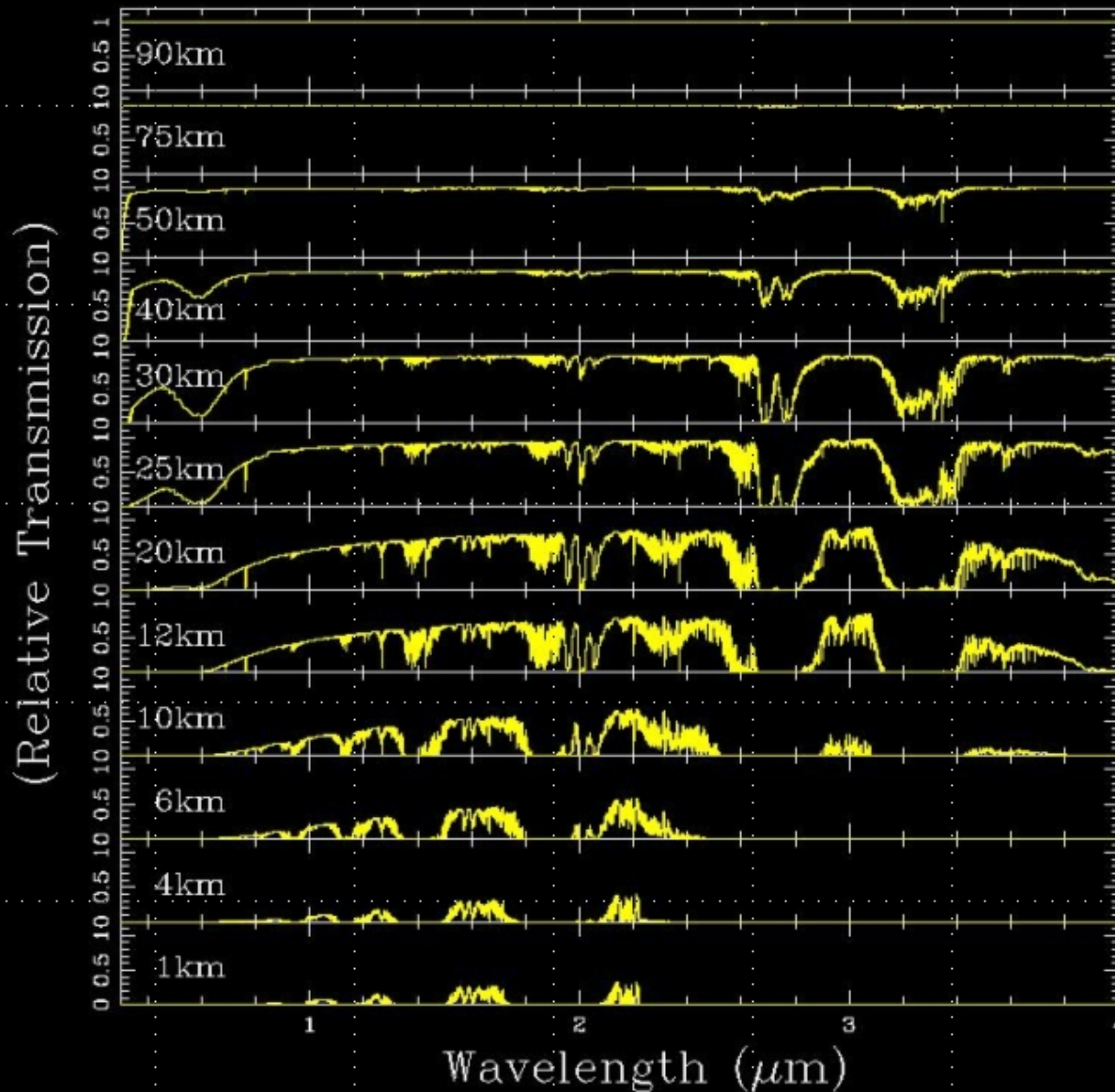
ATMOS-3 transmission of sunlight through Earth's atmosphere, measured with a fast FTS on Shuttle

yellow = model

Fit is close, but line wings are not perfect, perhaps owing to line mixing effects in strong bands.

Note low transmission below 10 μm

Ray-by-ray spectra, visible & near-infrared

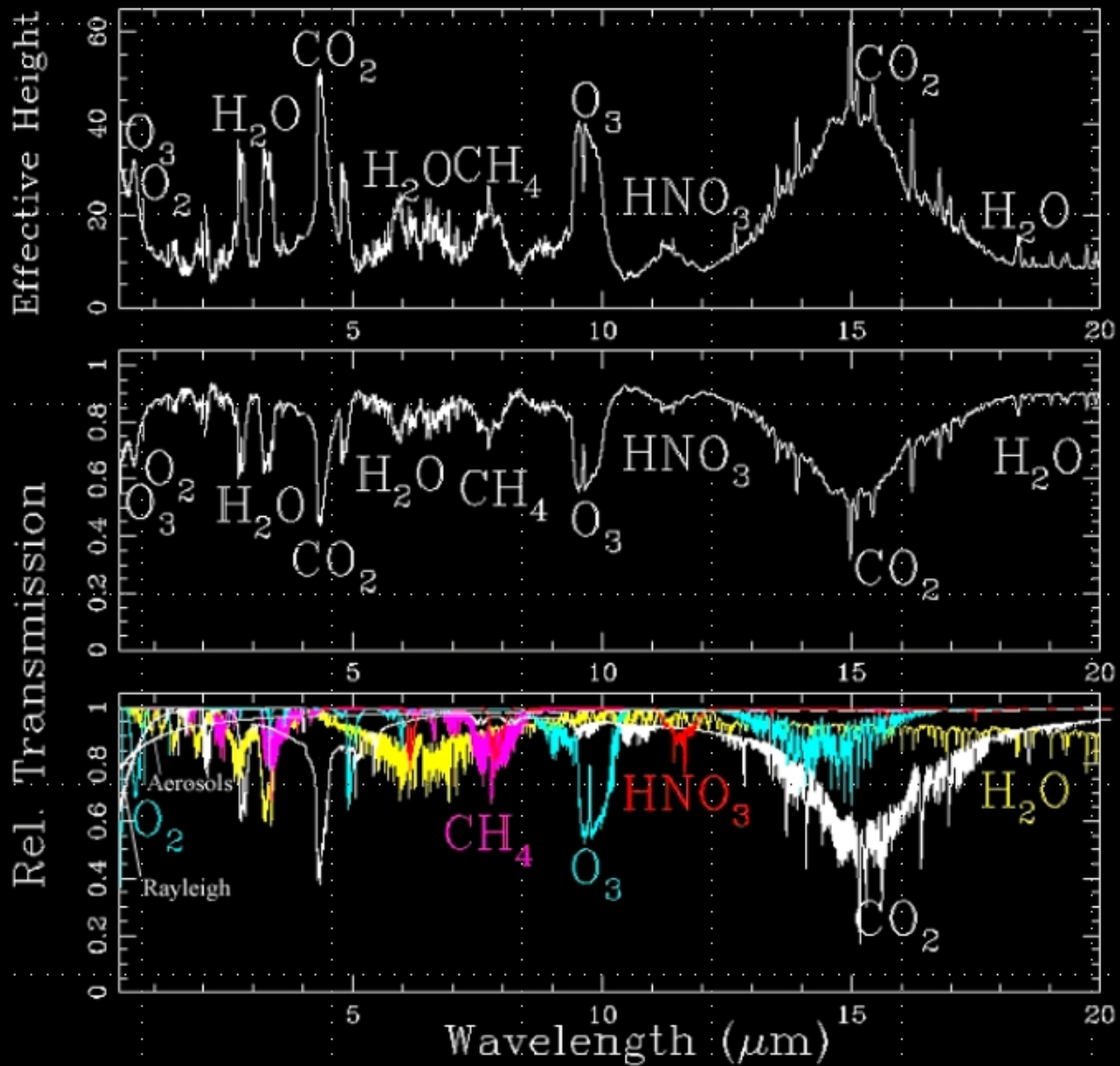


Short wavelength range of transmission spectrum.

Note:

- strong O_3 bands
 - at 0.3 & 0.6 μm ,
- weak H_2O bands,
- strong Rayleigh in blue,
- low transmission < 10 km

Composite transmission spectrum & effective height

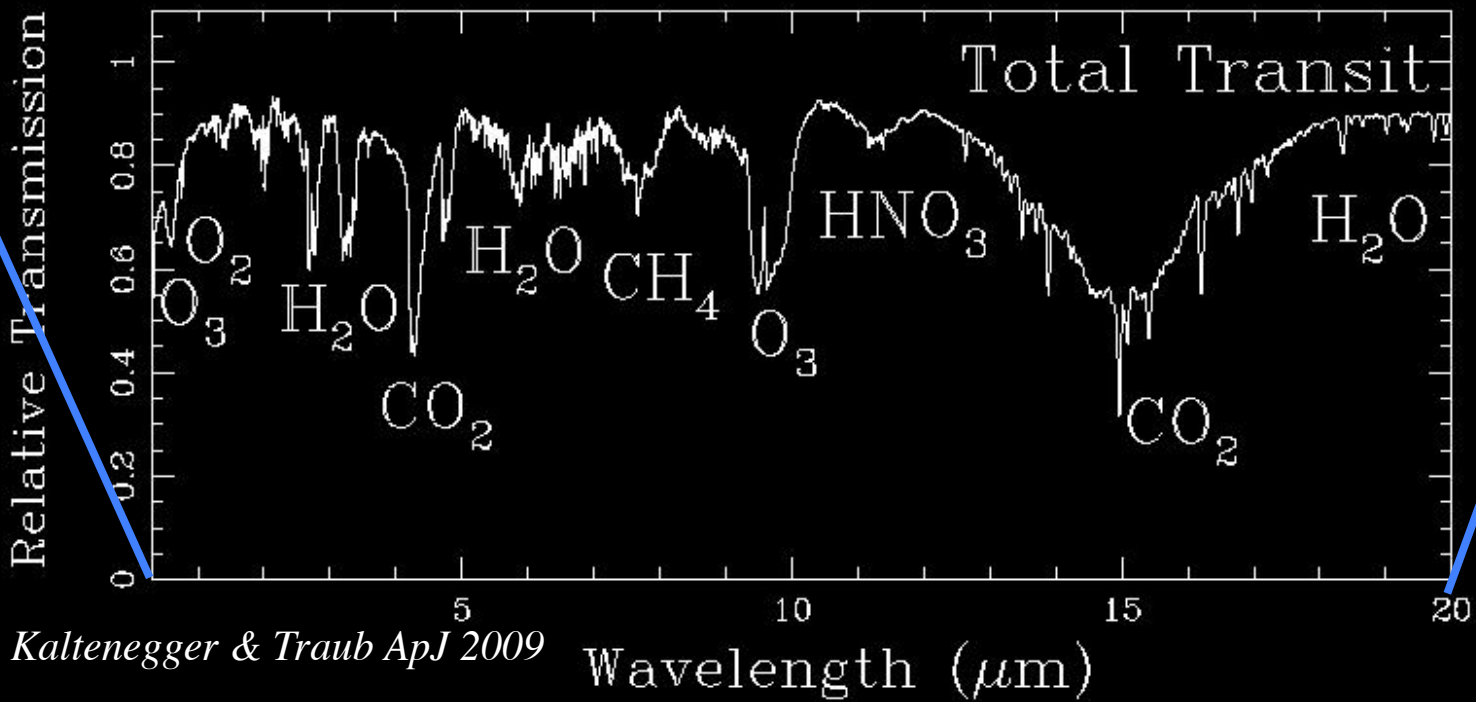


Effective height for spectral range 0.3 – 20 μm

Composite relative transmission.

Individual components

NASA/STS-125 Photo



Kaltenegger & Traub ApJ 2009

JWST Best Case: Closest Stars/Transit, $e=0.3$

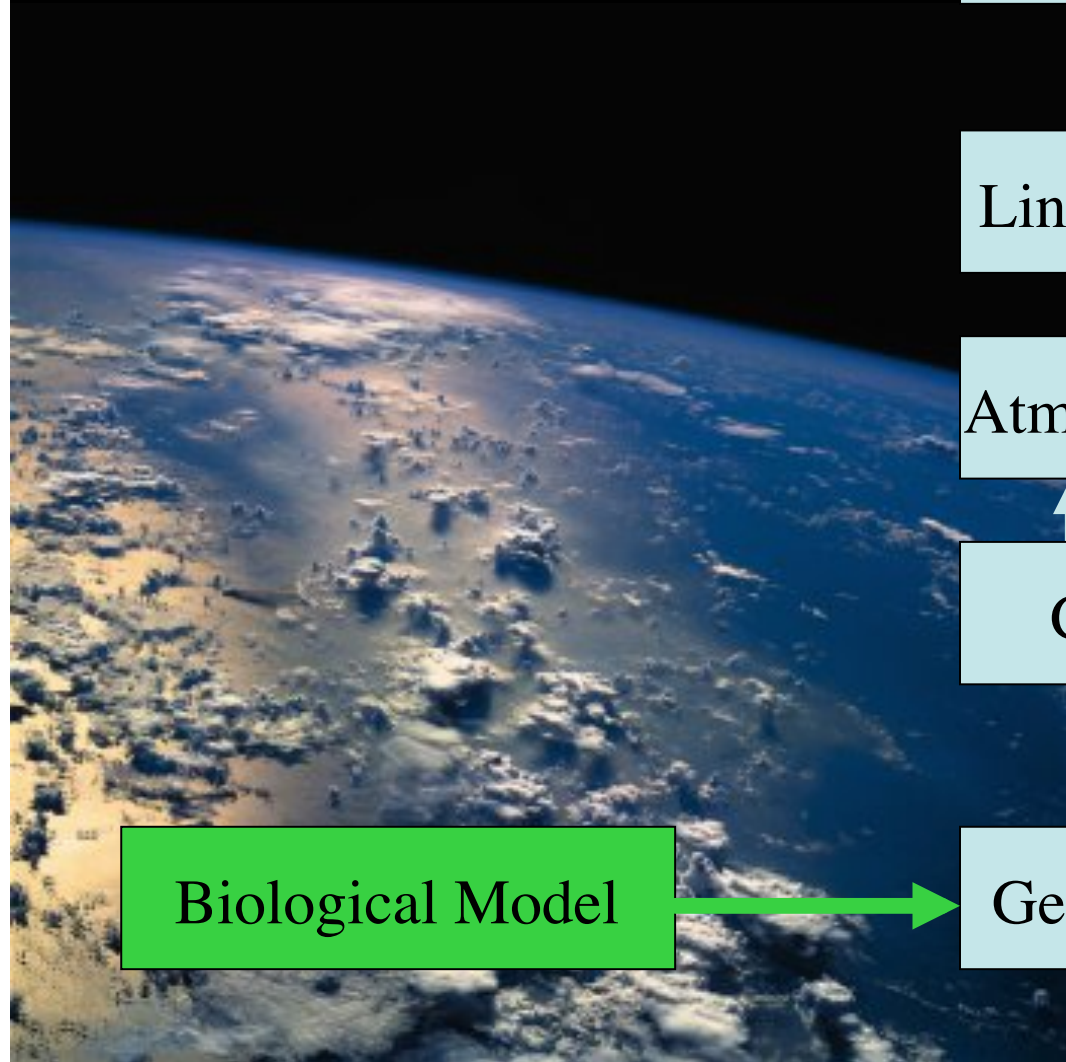
Table 6: Major spectroscopic features and SNR of a transiting Earth for a single transit, for a 6.5-m space based telescope, for the closest stars per stellar subtype (see Table 5). For G2V, we use α centauri A, Gl 559 A at 1.34pc.

Feature	G2V	M0V	M1V	M2V	M3V	M4V	M5V	M6V	M7V	M8V	M9V
O ₃	12.5	1.8	1.5	1.8	1.4	2.1	2.4	1.1	0.5	0.5	0.4
H ₂ O	3.5	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.8	2.7	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.9
CO ₂	6.3	1.9	1.8	2.4	2.1	3.8	5.8	3.2	1.8	2.0	2.0
H ₂ O	8.1	2.5	2.4	3.2	2.8	5.1	7.8	4.4	2.5	2.8	2.7
CH ₄	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	1.1	1.7	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.6
O ₃	4.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.8	3.3	5.2	3.0	1.7	1.9	2.0
CO ₂	4.3	1.4	1.4	2.0	1.7	3.2	5.0	2.9	1.7	1.9	1.9

Name	d(pc)	Sp Type
Gl 887	3.29	M0.5
Gl 15 A	3.56	M1
Gl 411	2.54	M2
Gl 729	2.97	M3.5
Gl 699	1.83	M4
Gl 551	1.30	M5.5
Gl 406	2.39	M6
Gl 473 B	4.39	M7
SCR1845-63A	3.85	M8.5
Denis1048	4.03	M9

6.5-m telescope			
Feature	$\lambda(\mu\text{m})$	$\Delta\lambda(\mu\text{m})$	H(λ),km
O ₃	0.6	0.15	10
H ₂ O	1.9	0.2	5
CO ₂	2.8	0.1	20
H ₂ O	3.3	0.25	20
CH ₄	7.7	0.7	7
O ₃	9.8	0.7	30
CO ₂	15.2	3.0	25

Characterize Rocky Planets - Atmospheres



Model Spectra = Observer



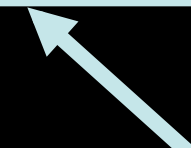
Line by line Rad. Transfer Model



Atm. Chemistry Model (p,T,chem)



Climate Model (p, T, chem)



Biological Model

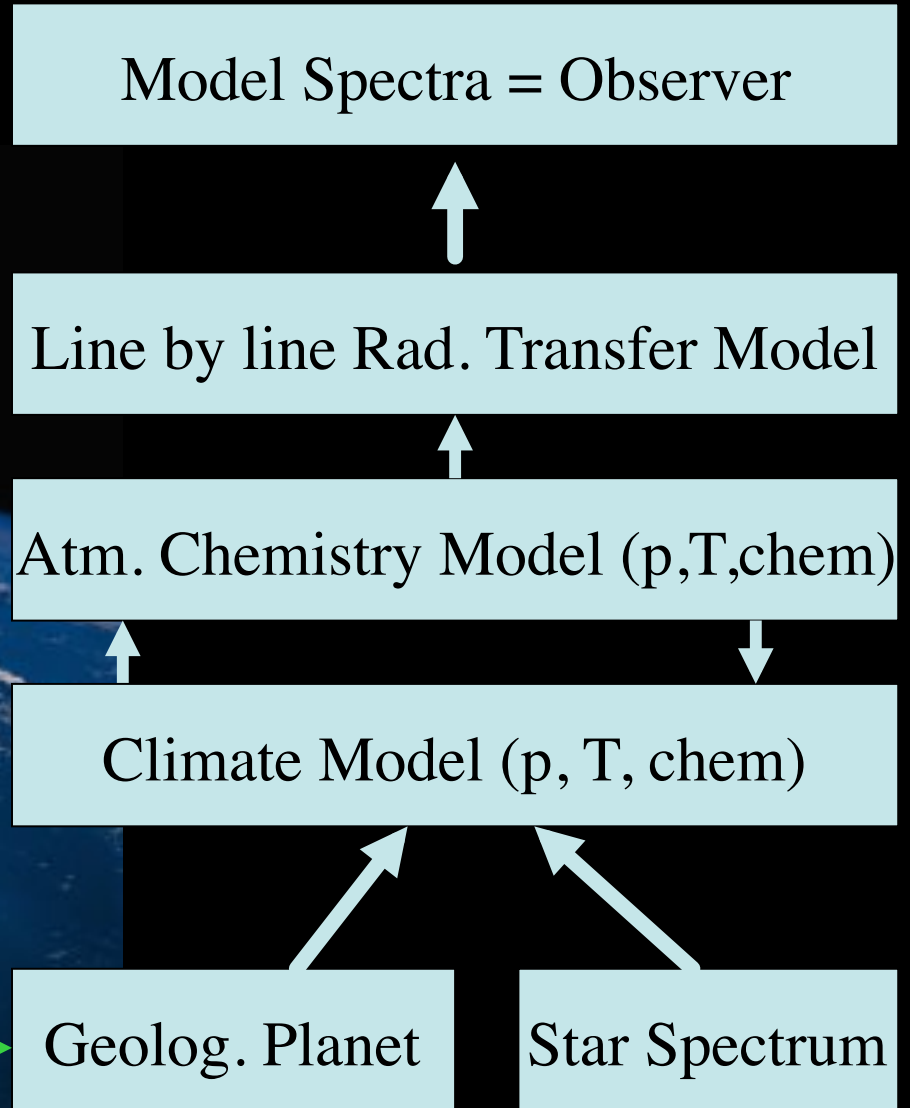


Geolog. Planet

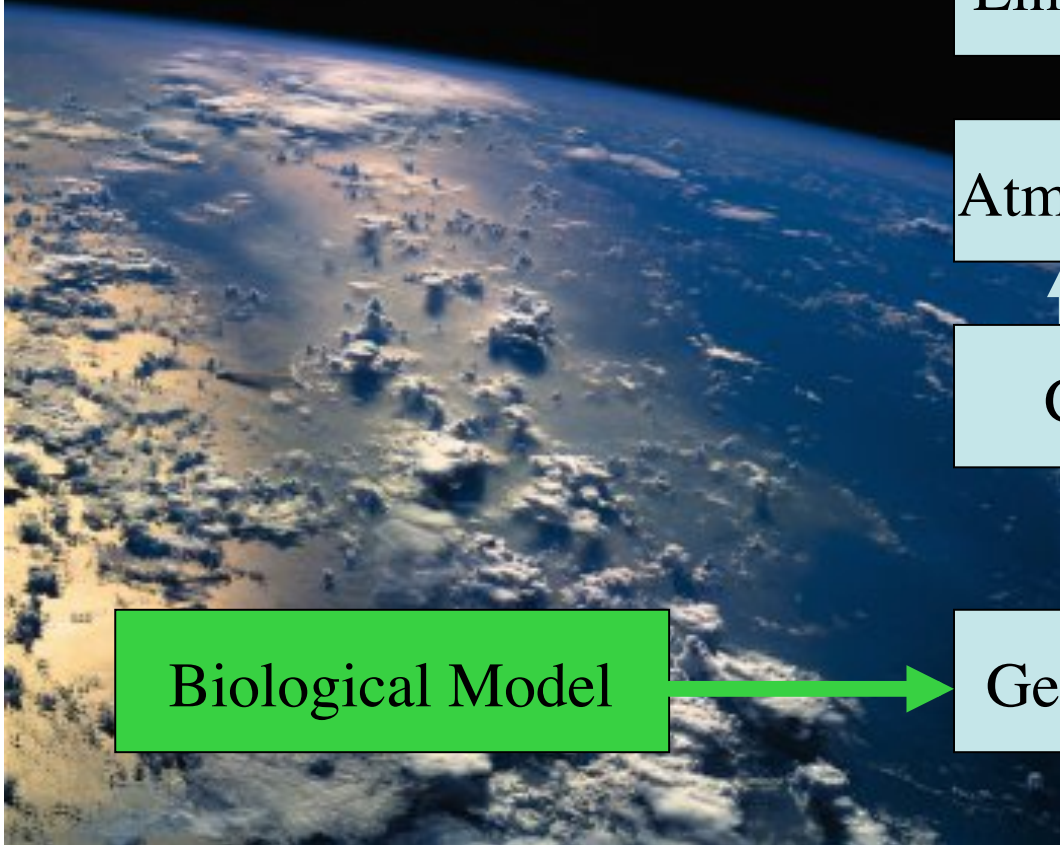
Star Spectrum

“Characterize ” => Spectra UNIQUE?

Andras Zsoms MPIA (Postdoc)
Yamilla Miguel MPIA (Postdoc)
Siddharth Hegde, MPIA (PhD)
Sarah Rugheimer, Harvard (PhD)



Biological Model





Different evolution
state / age / mass / etc.

THE TEST:

GRID of Spectra of
different planets

– Exoplore underlying
physics

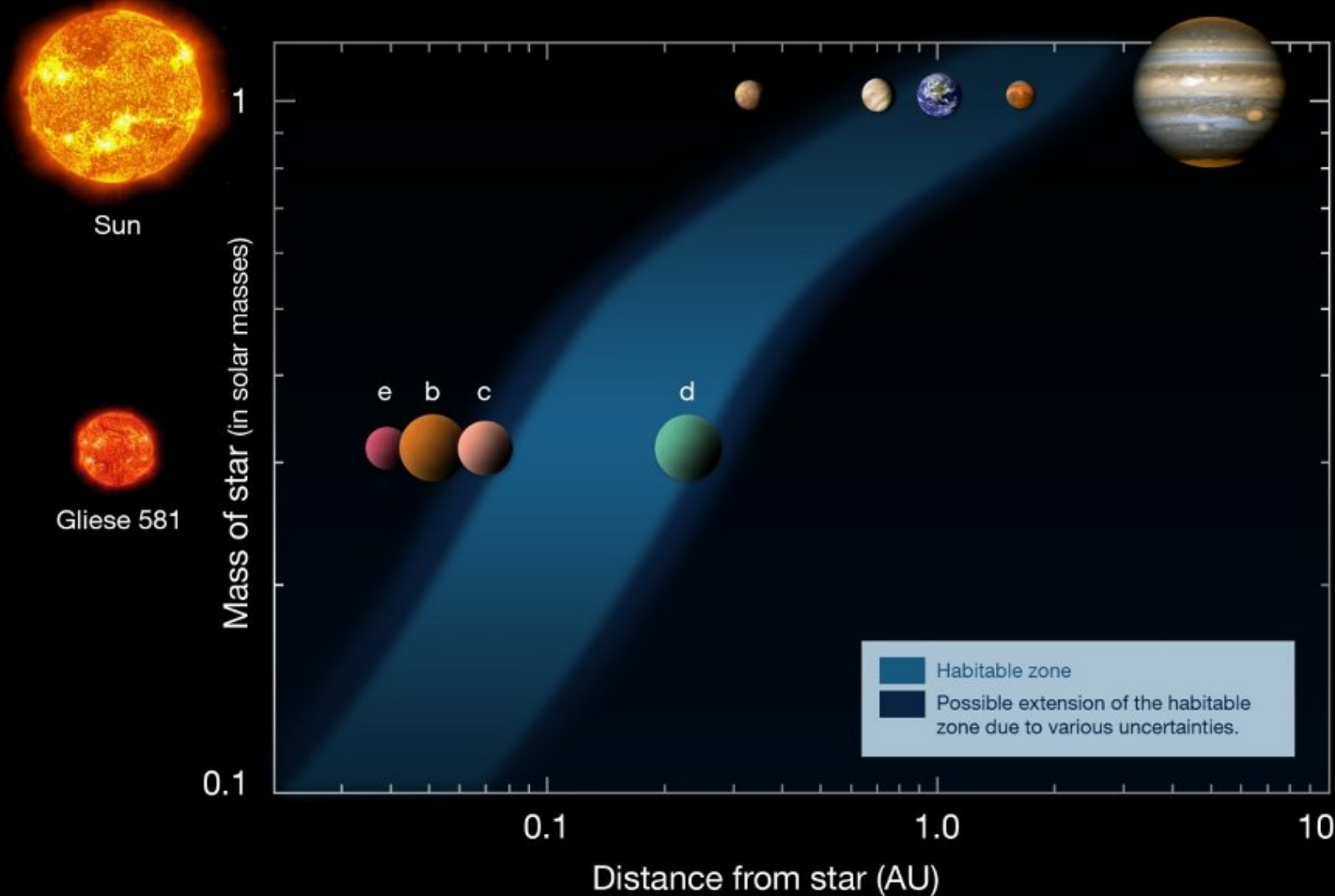
- Unique?

- Detectable?

- Inst. requirements

- Retrieval from data?

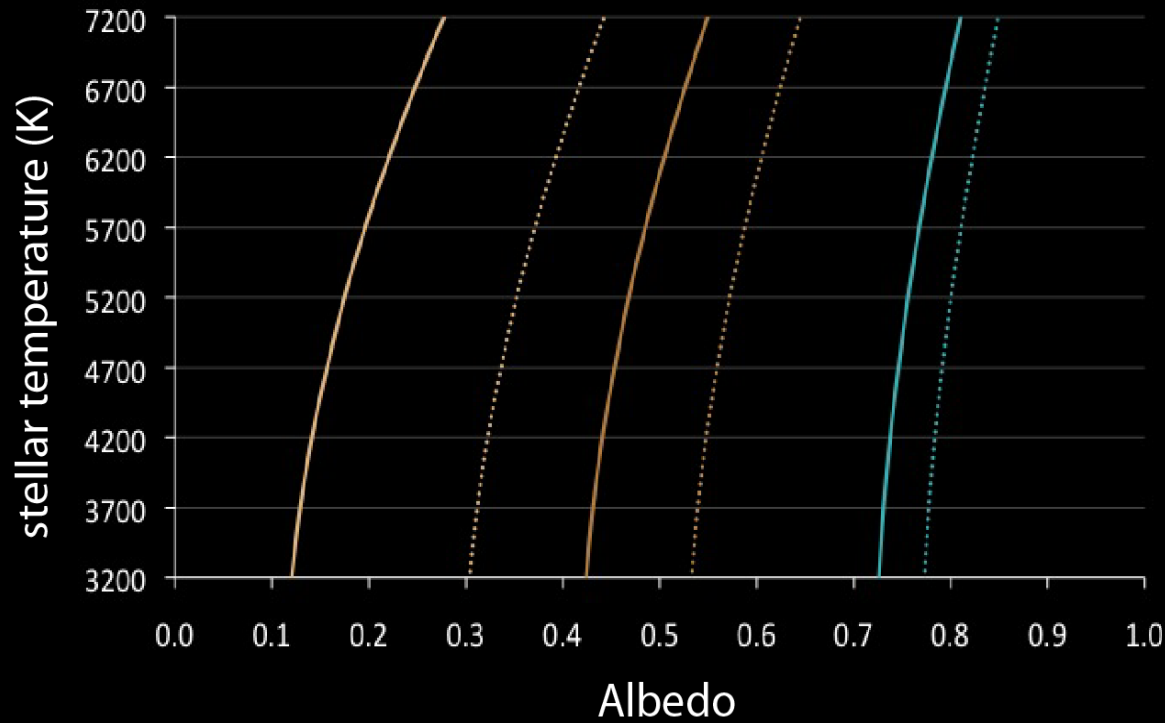
Habitable Zone – water pot.liquid on surface of Earth-like planets (= incl. geol. cycles)



Kaltenegger et al 2011, Wordsworth et al. 2011, von Paris et al 2010, von Bloh et al 2007, Selsis et al 2007, ...

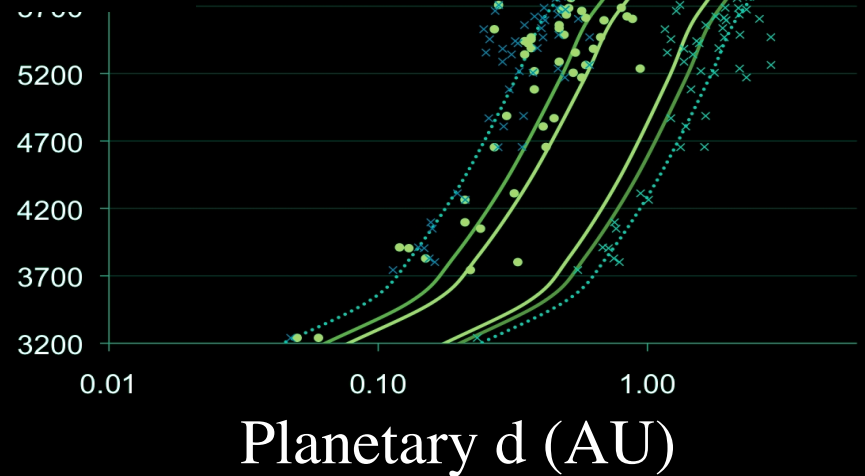
Habitable Zone: Kepler's pot. habitable planets explored

Kaltenegger & Sasselov 2011 ApJL

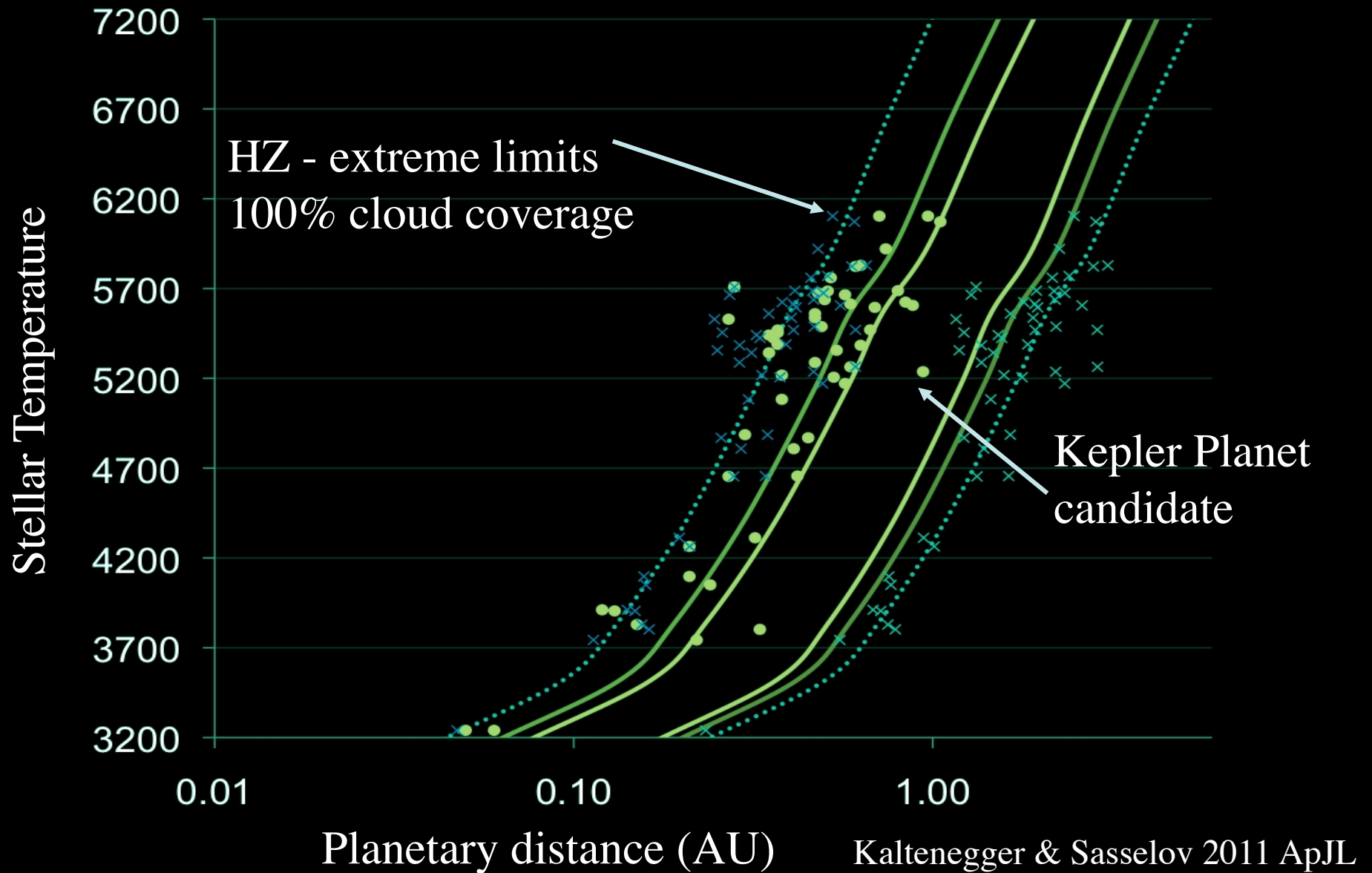


HZ - extreme limits
100% cloud coverage

Stellar Temp



Habitable Zone: Kepler's pot. habitable planets explored



Formation of the Earth 4.6 Ga

Humans
0.05 Ga

Dinosaurs
0.1 Ga

Origin of life ?
4.4-3.9 Ga

Diversification
of life
0.55 Ga

Oldest traces
of life
3.5 Ga

The history of life

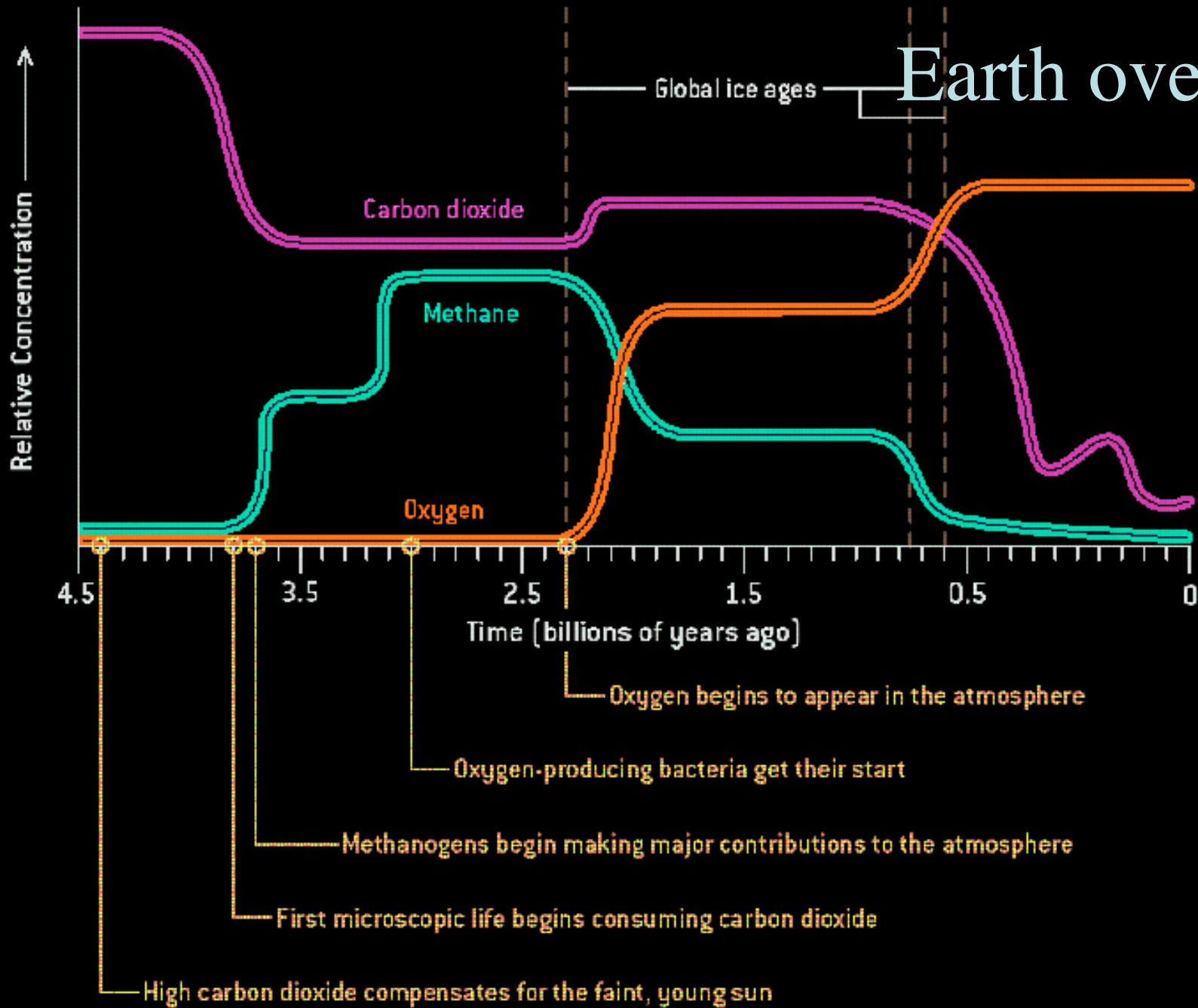
Oldest multi-
cellular fossils
1 Ga

Oxygenic
photosynthesis ?
2.7 Ga

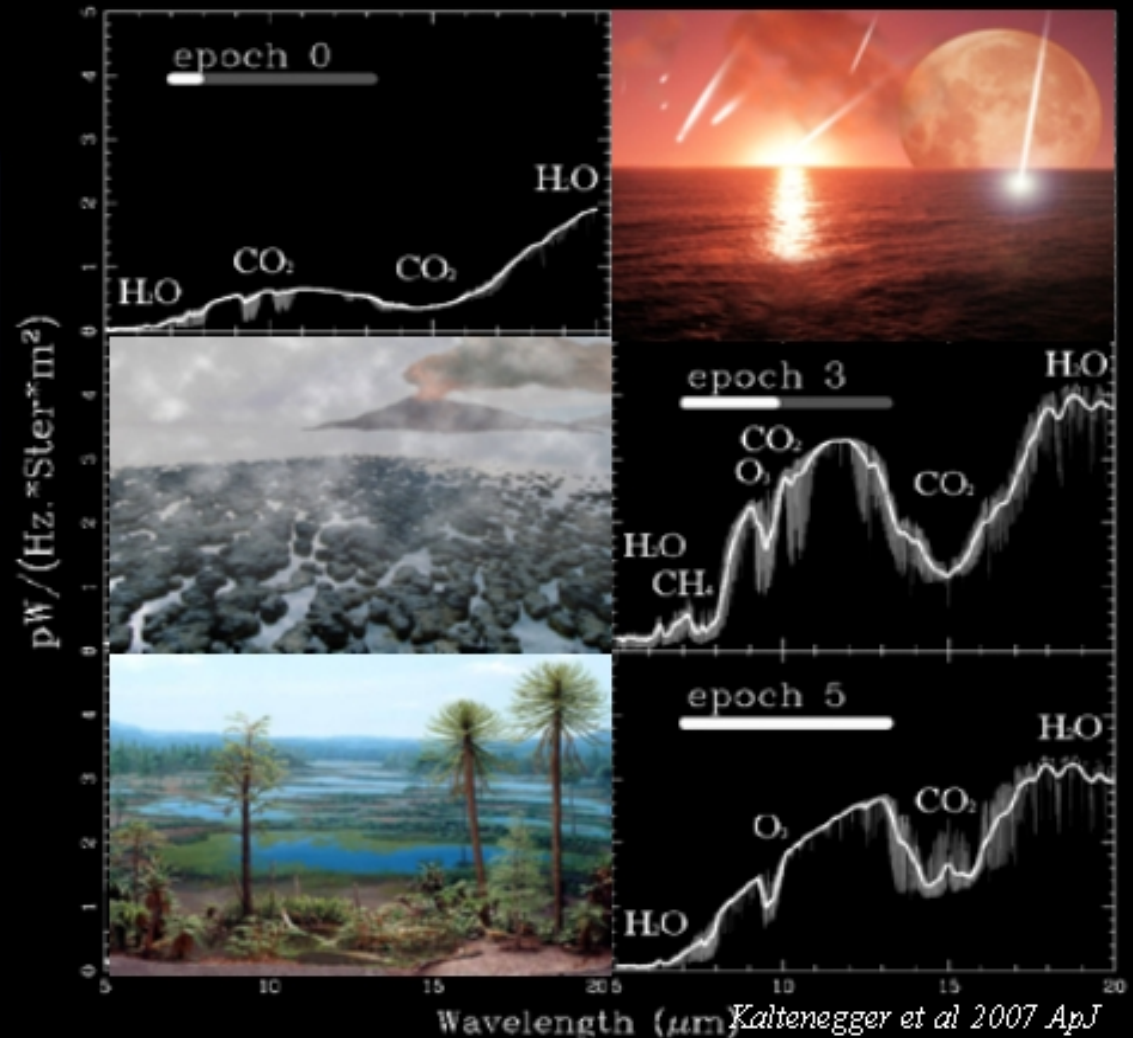
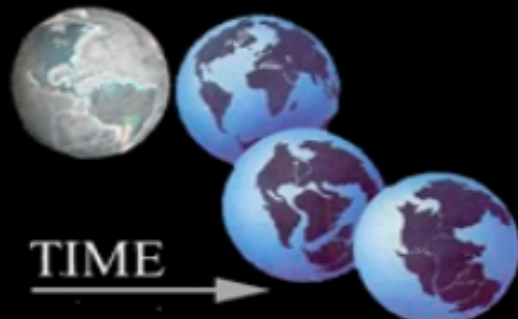
Oldest fossil
Eukaryotes
1.9 Ga

F. Westall

Earth over time



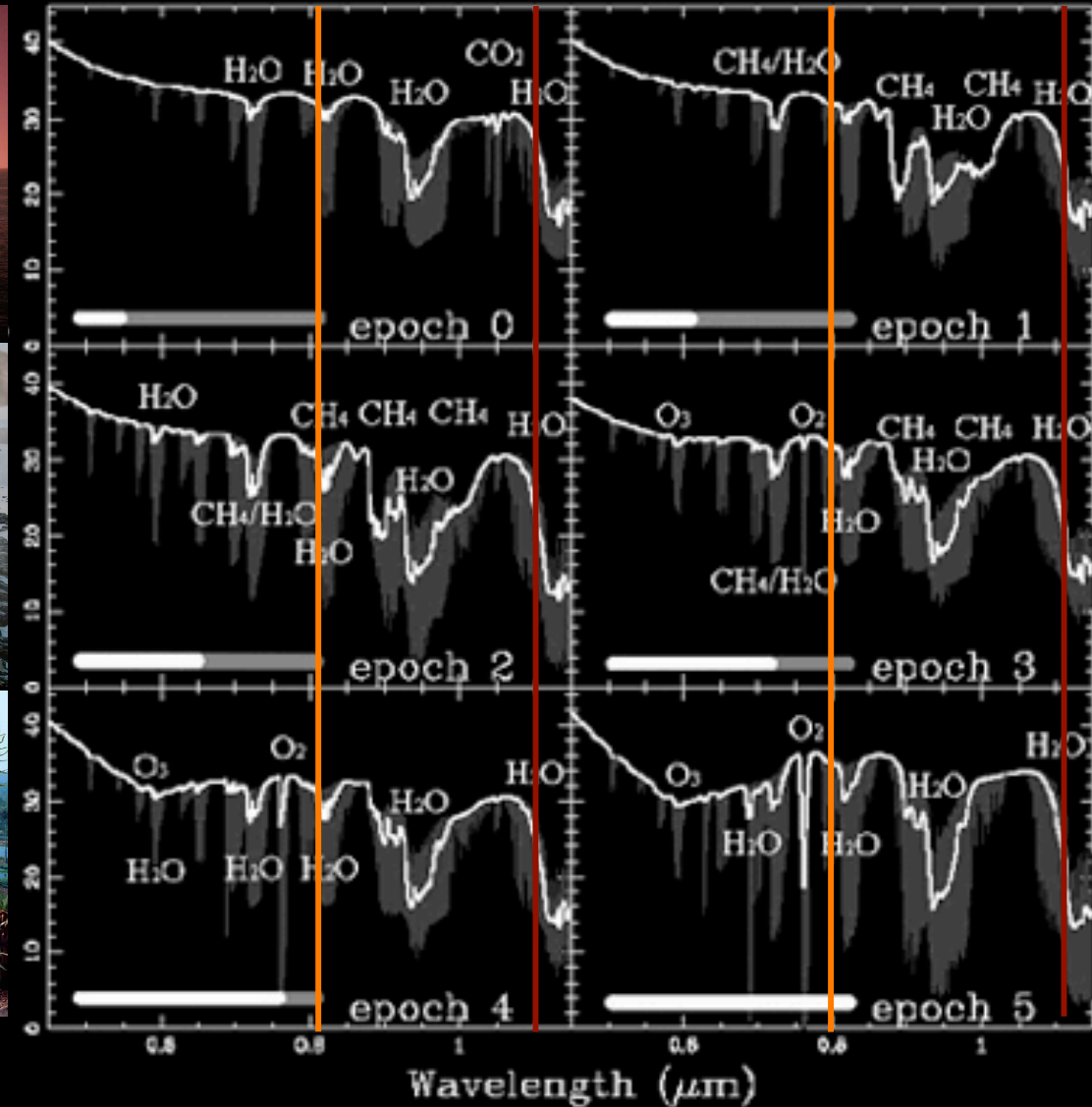
Earth Evolution over geological time - CSI



mid IR (5-20 μm): Res = 25

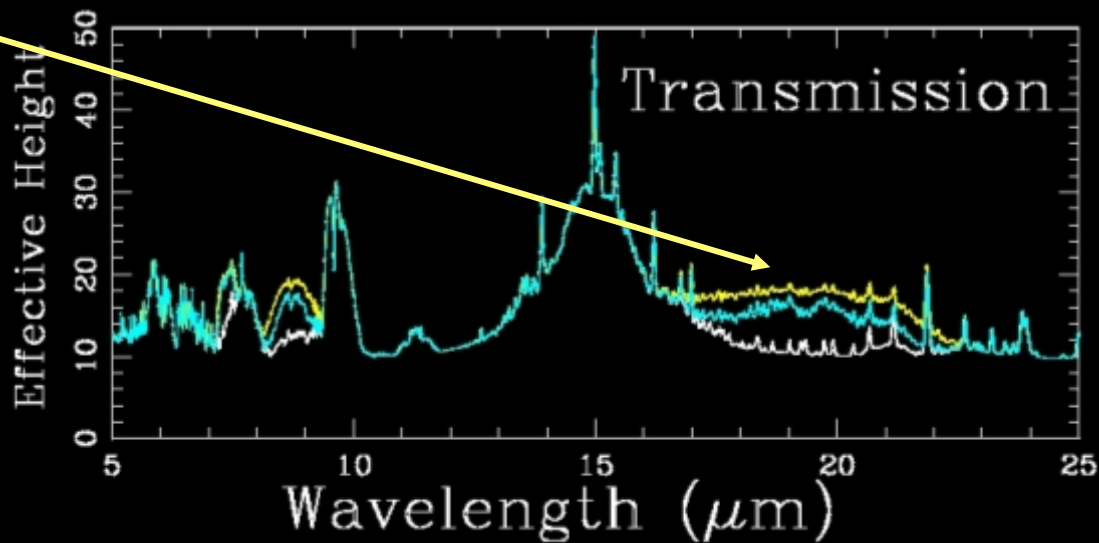
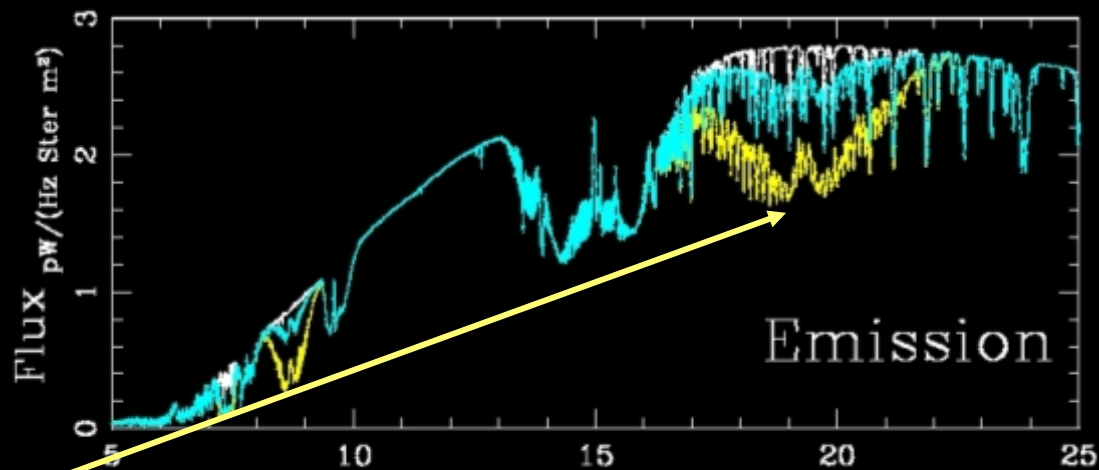
Kaltenegger et al 2007 ApJ

Earth Evolution over geological time - CSI



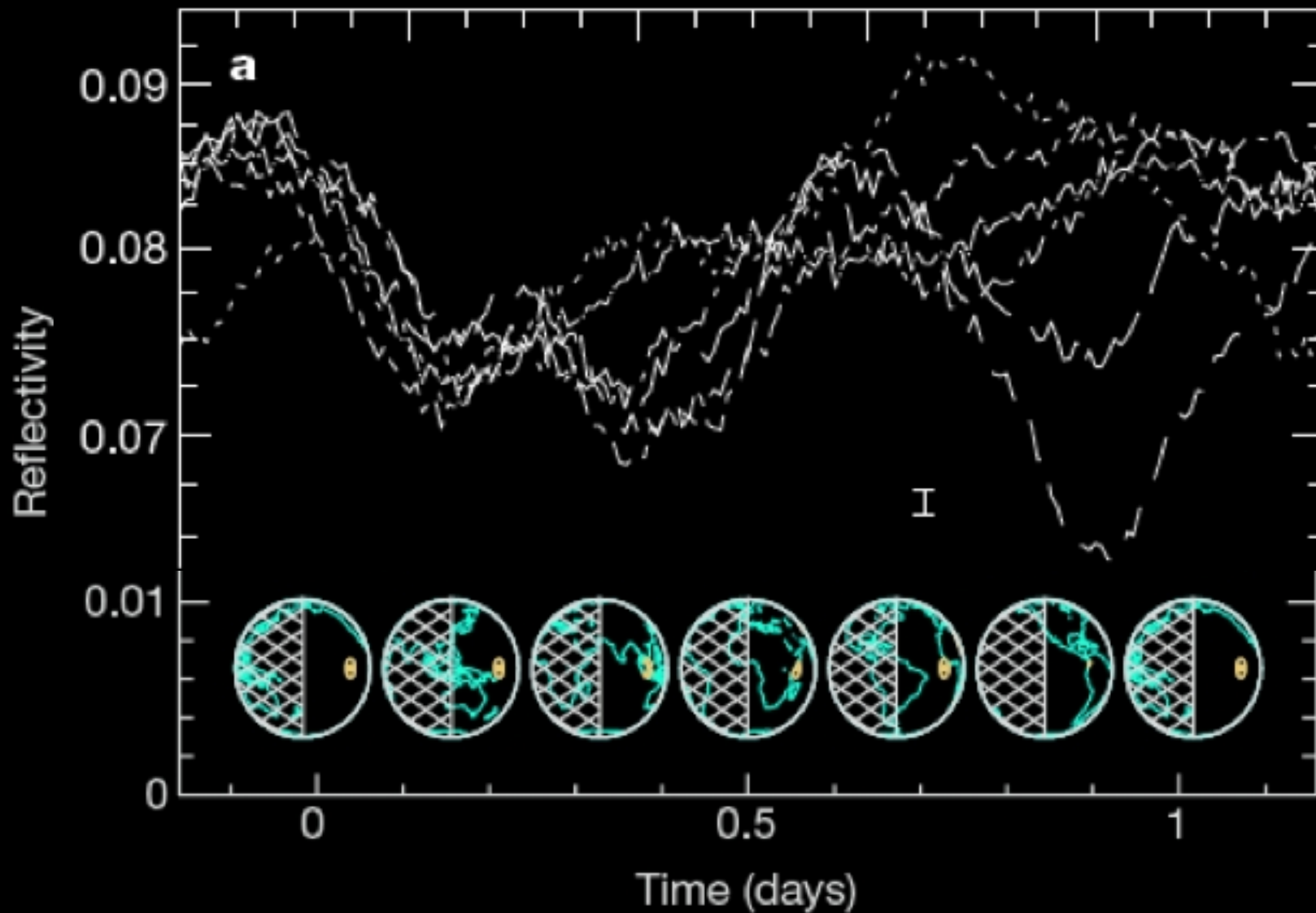
TEST: GEOLOGY = Exo-Volcanos ?

Res = 150, SNR calc. for JWST (pure photon noise, template input for instruments)



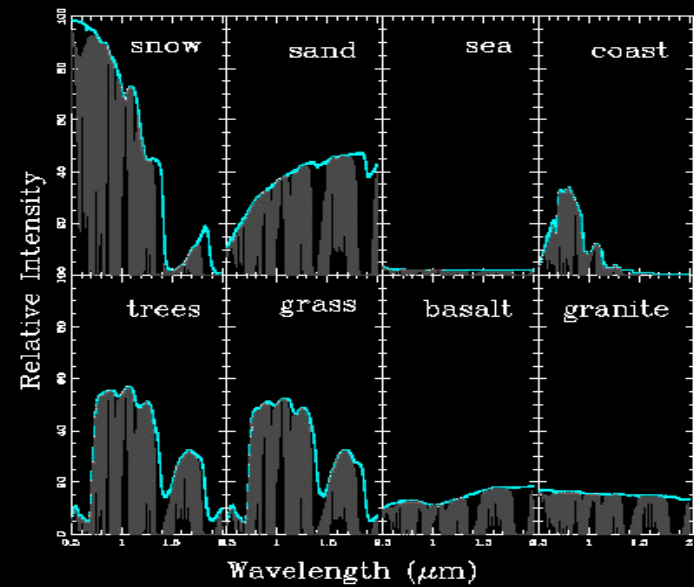
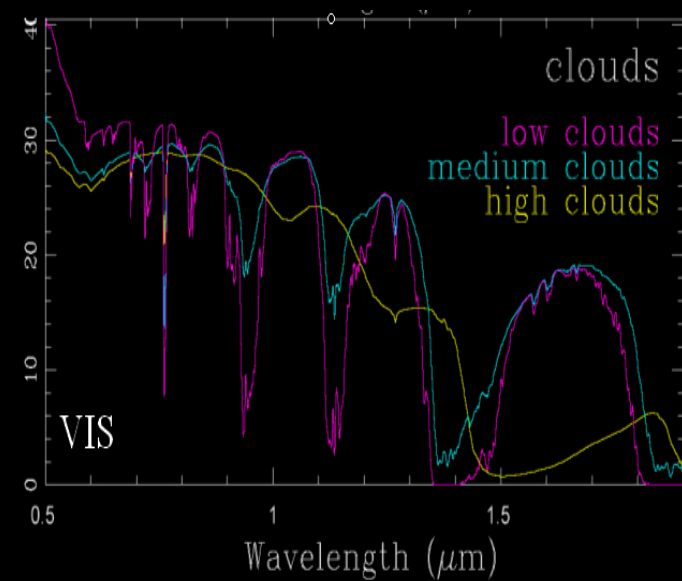
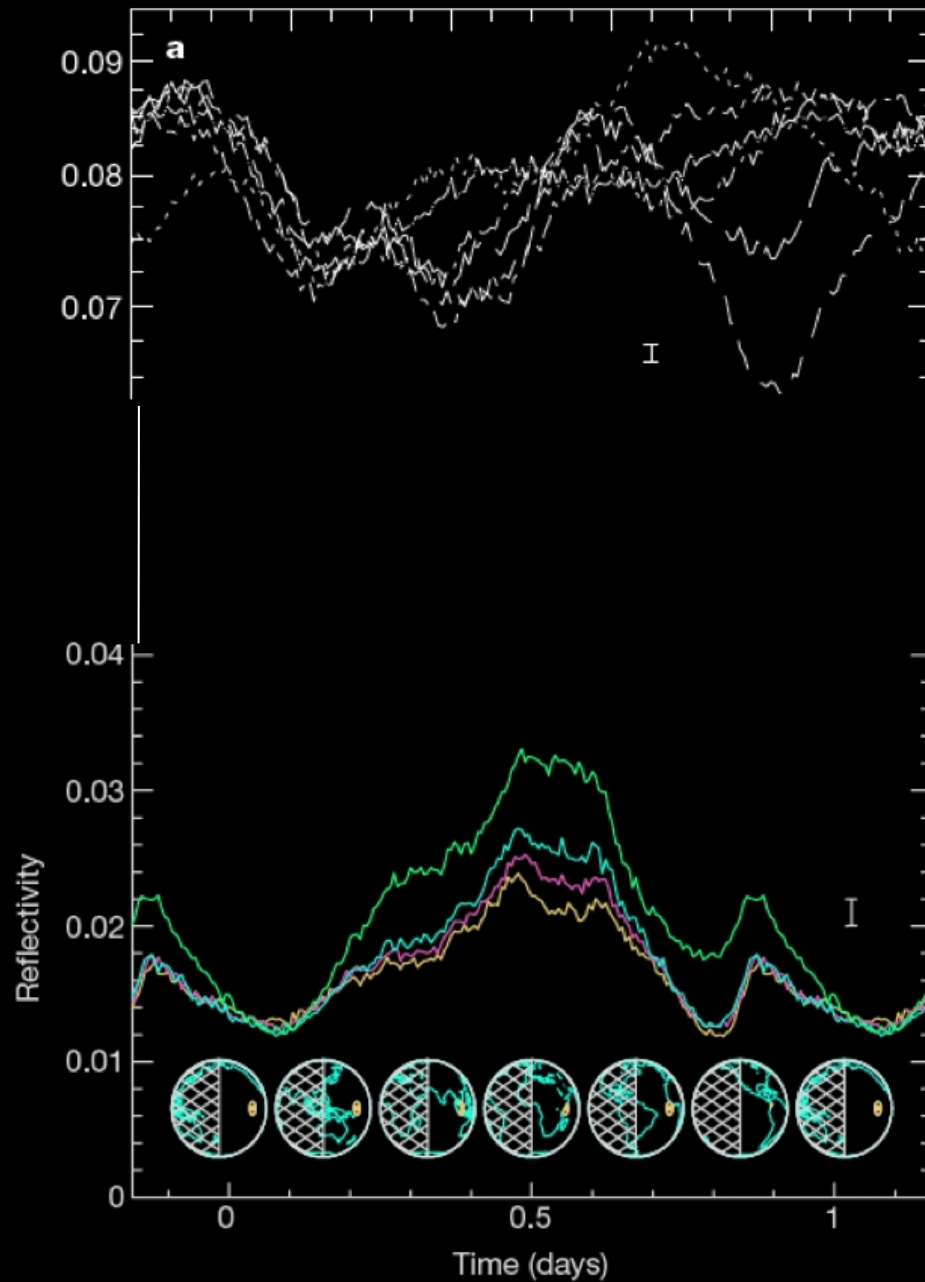
Surface? Measure every 1/20 of rotation period

Palle et al. 2008



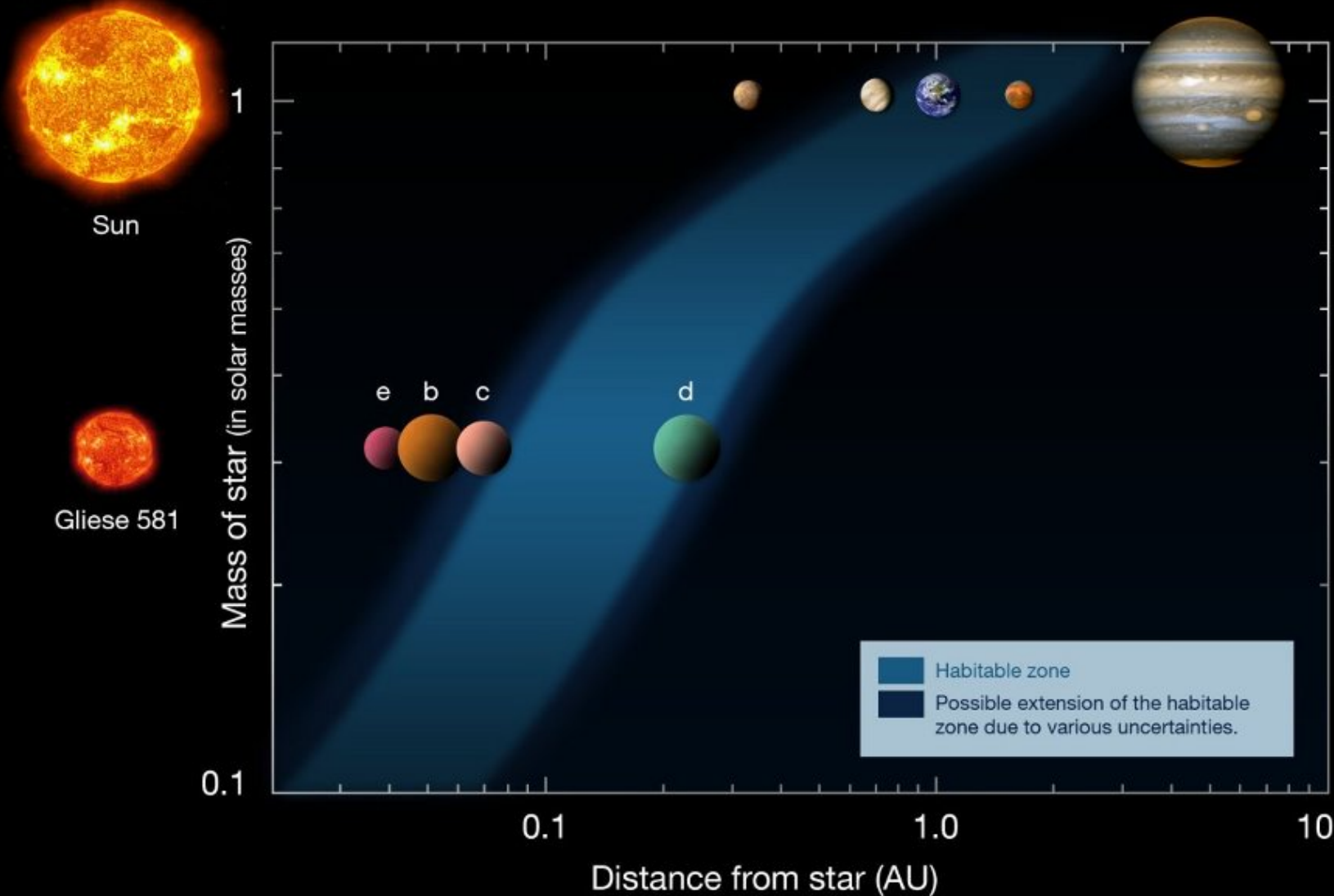
Ford et al. 2001, Cowan et al 2009, Fujii et al 2010

Surface? ONLY if take out clouds SNR

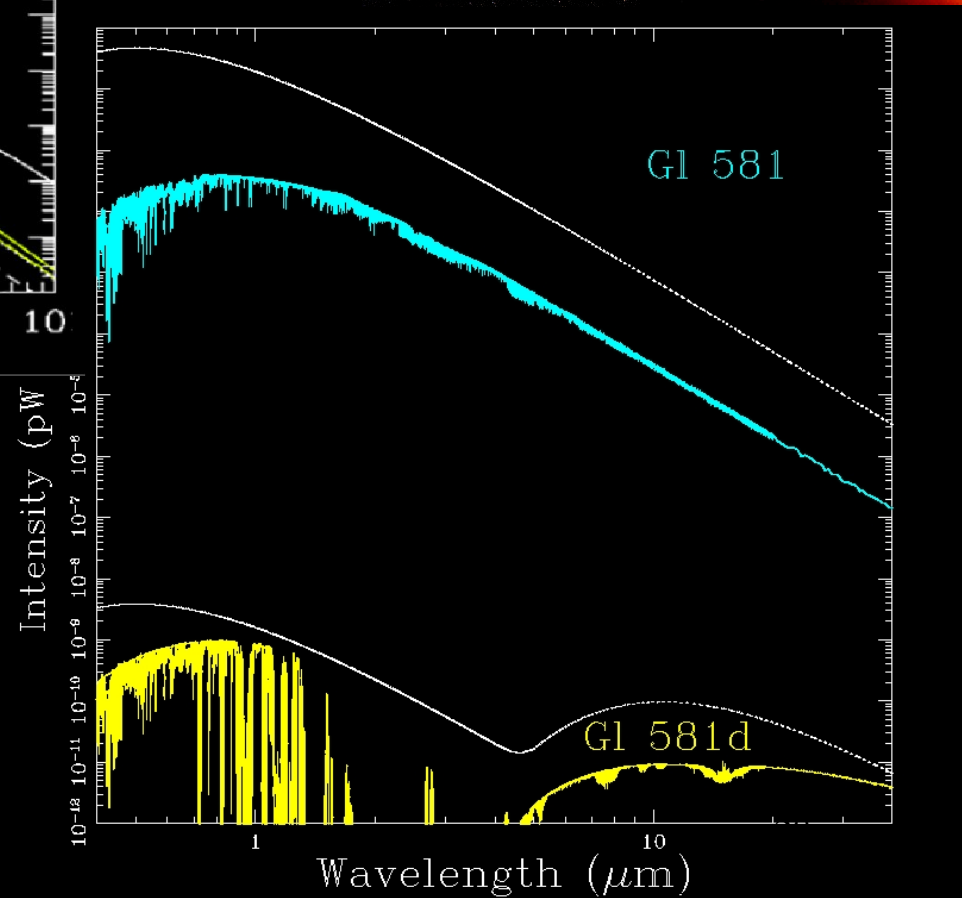
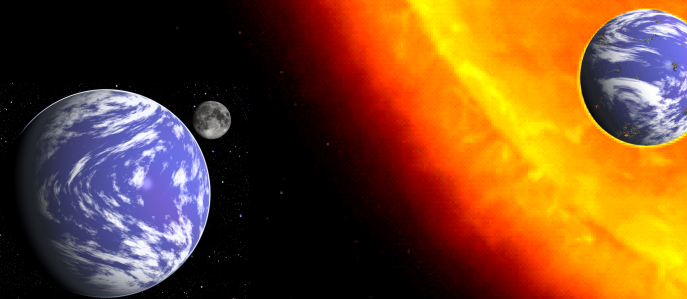
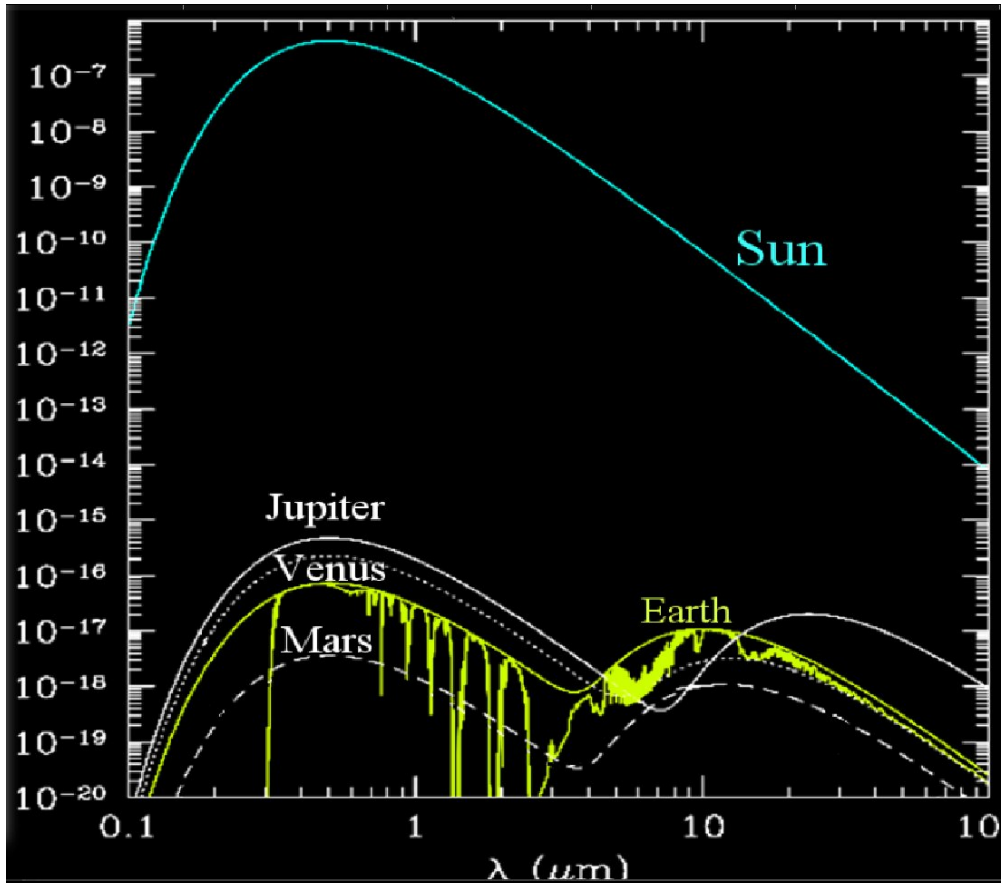


Kaltenegger et al 2007, see also Kitzman poster

Habitable Zone – water pot.liquid on surface of Earth-like planets (= incl. geol. cycles)



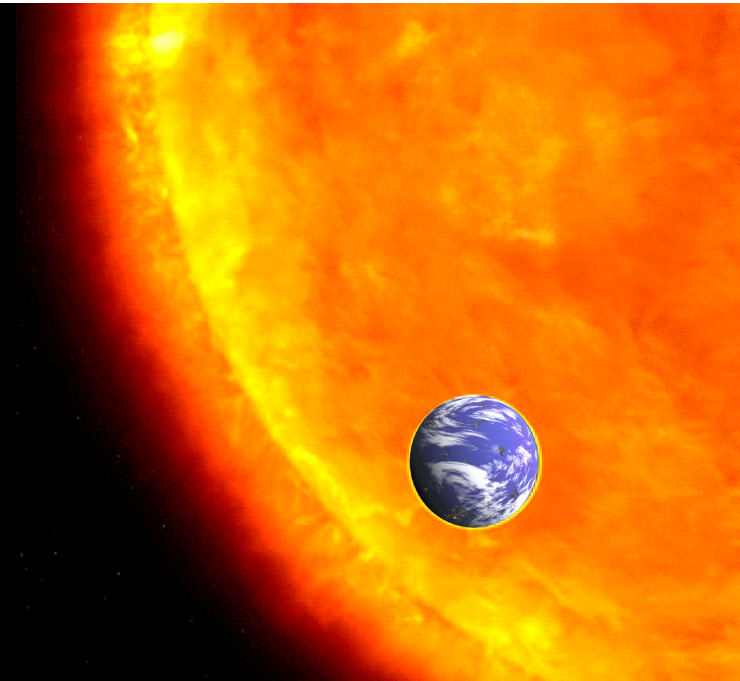
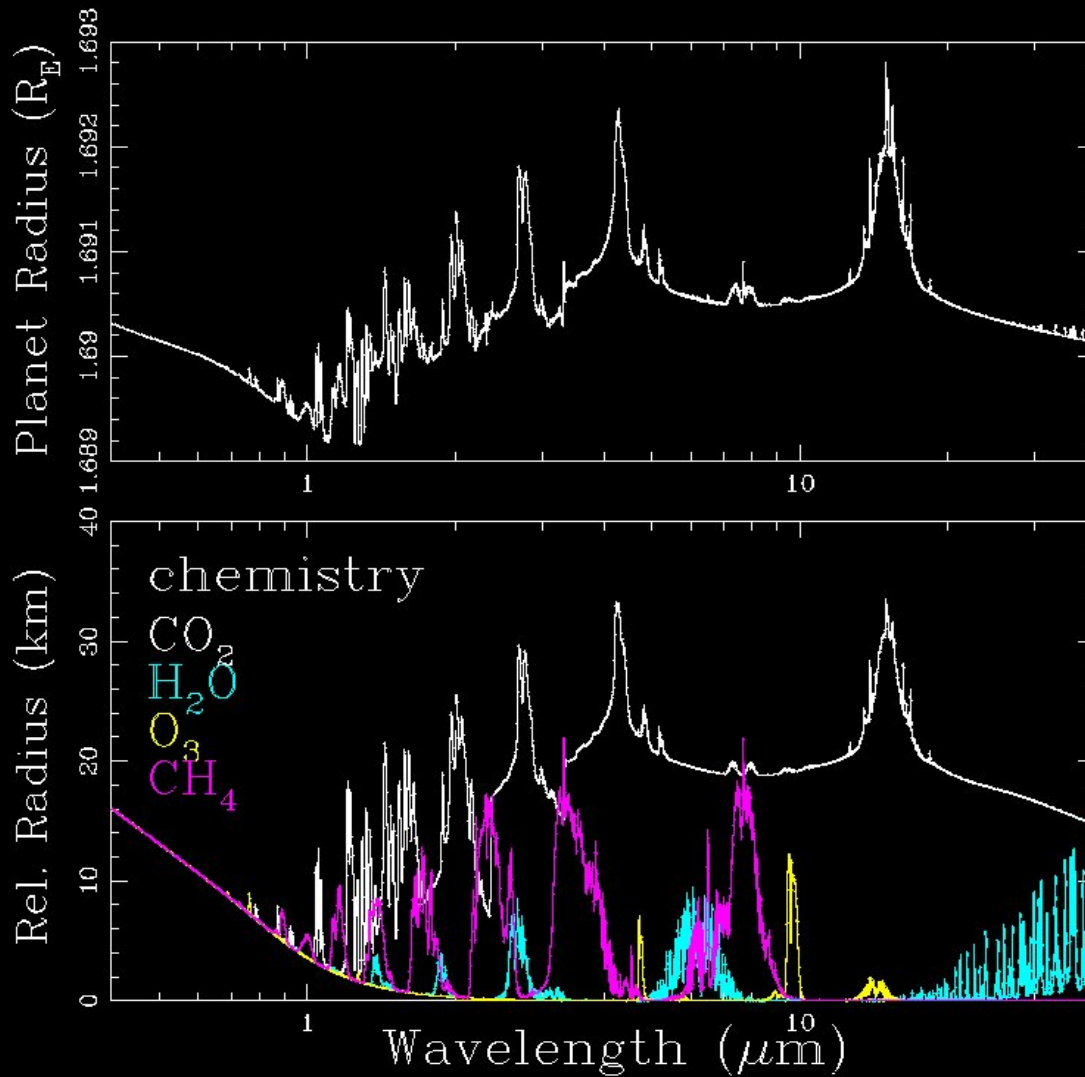
Kaltenegger et al 2011, Wordsworth et al. 2011, von Paris et al 2010, von Bloh et al 2007, Selsis et al 2007, ...



Gl 581d spectra & star/planet contrast ratio

Kaltenegger, Mohanty & Segura ApJ 2011

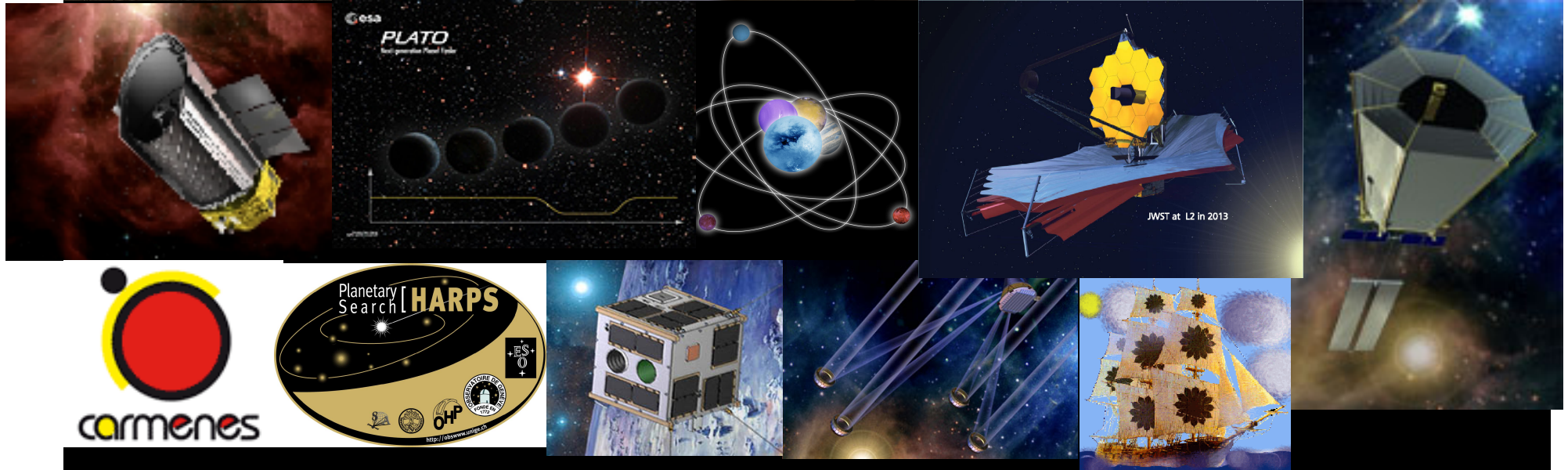
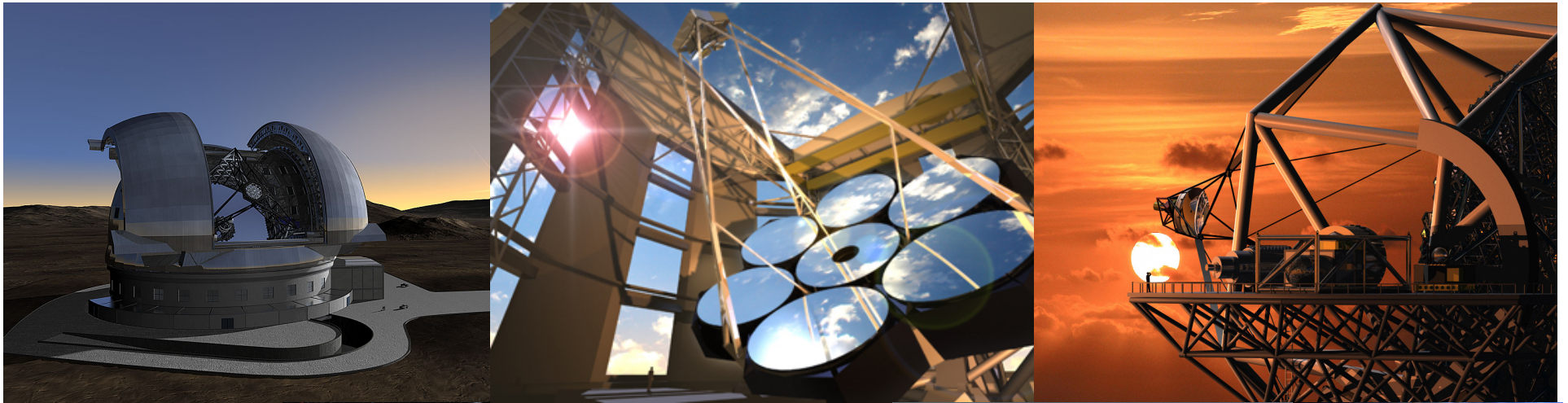
Spectra (0.1 - 100 μm): Resolution 150



GJ 581d Transit Spectra

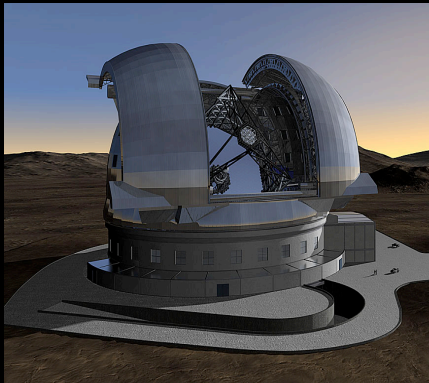
in planetary radius *Kaltenegger, Mohanty & Segura ApJ 2011*

Spectra (0.4 - 40 μm): Resolution 150



EXOPAG(NASA) – get involved Mtg June 1/2
Exoplanet Exploration Program Analysis Group (Chair: J. Kasting)

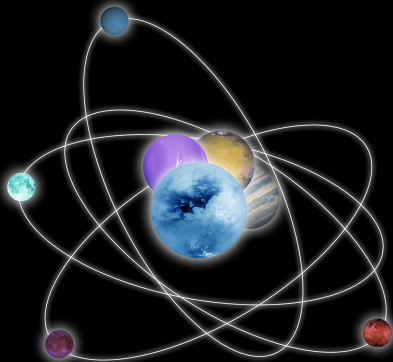
Science Case: E-ELT, GMT, TMT, JWST (SPITZER, SPICA SMALL SPACE MISSIONS (e.g. EChO, TESS))



Not just FIND... (POS VIEW ☺)

Characterize rocky exoplanets

- composition 0 – 50+ years
- habitability 8 – 50+ years
- stage of evolution 8 – 50+ years
- geochemical cycles 8 – 50+ years
- HR Diagram of planets 20 – 50+ years

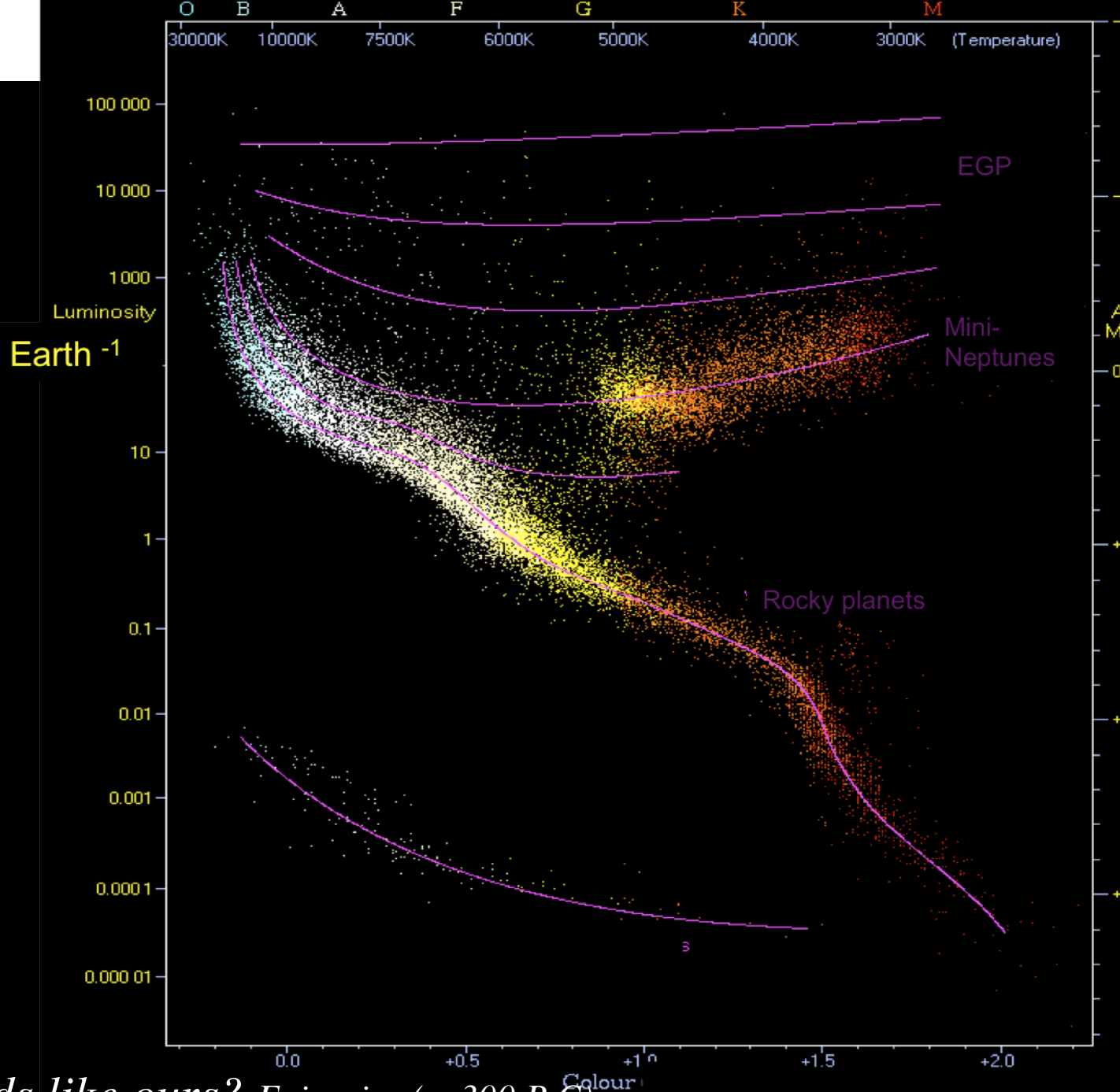


IAP MPIA ETH INAF IEEC SRON JPL UCL
France Germany Switzerland Italy Spain Netherlands US UK

Are there other worlds like ours? Epicurius (c. 300 B.C)

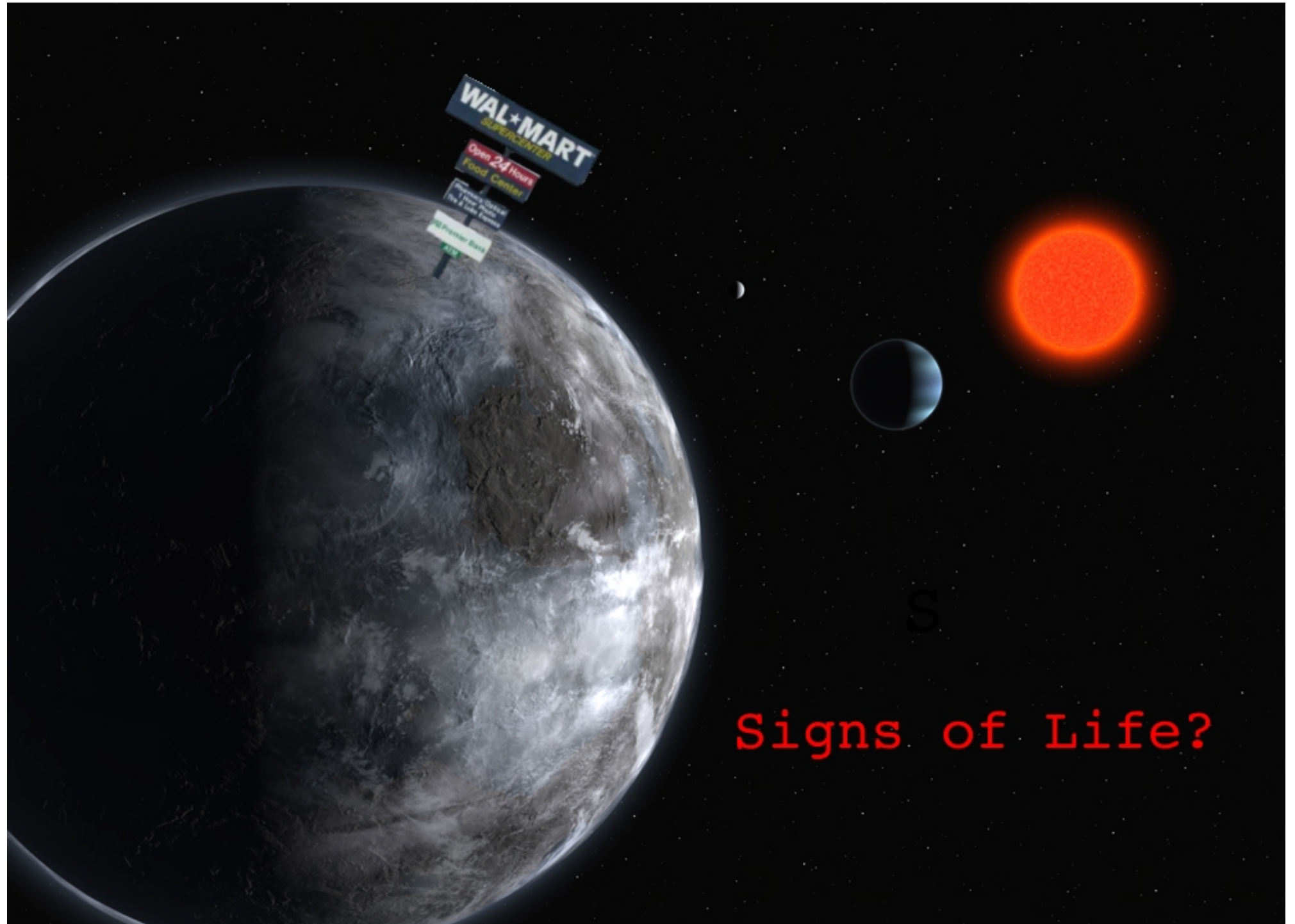
2300 years and counting....

Let's find out



*Are there other worlds like ours? Epicurius (c. 300 B.C)
2300 years and counting....*

Let's find out



The Planetary System in Gliese 581

